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MAYOR

COMMISSIONERS
LESLIE SODEN
STUART BOLEY
MATTHEW J. HERBERT

October 1, 2015

The Board of Commissioners of the City of Lawrence met in regular session (special meeting) at 5:45 p.m., in the City Commission Chambers in City Hall with Mayor Amyx presiding and Commission members Boley, Hebert and Vice Mayor Soden present.

1. Interview candidates for City Commission vacancy.

Mayor Amyx:

Good evening and welcome to the special meeting of the Lawrence City Commission for the purpose of being able to continue the process of selecting an individual to fill the vacancy created in the Lawrence City Commission. I want to thank each one of the candidates on behalf of the commission and on behalf of the entire community for stepping up at a time when we needed folks to step up and be great Lawrence citizens and you've all done that as everyone who has gone through the process. A few items to talk about tonight: This is the background on the items. In the event of a vacancy on the Lawrence City Commission like we have now. the commissioners are required to elect, by a majority vote, a person to fill the vacancy. The city code is silent, however, as to how the commission shall go about selecting the person to fill that vacancy. At the August 18th, 2015, city commission meeting we decided to accept applications for the vacant seat and to convene a special committee to review those applications and forward to the city commission a list of candidates to fill the vacant seat. The special committee completed its charge and the city commission formally accepted on Tuesday of this week, the special committee's list of recommended candidates. The commission is now tasked with interviewing the six candidates recommended by the special committee and narrowing the field to one or two. The final vote of the city commission to fill the vacant seat will occur at our regular meeting next Tuesday, October 6th, at 5:45. The itinerary for tonight's meeting is as follows. The first portion of consist toniaht's meeting will of commissioners interviewing the candidates. The commission has eight prepared questions. The candidates will have two minutes

each to answer those questions. The candidates will take turns being the first candidate to answer a question. After all eight questions have been asked of each candidate, the city commission shall ask follow-up questions. And at the conclusion of the follow-up questions, each candidate will be allowed to make a closing statement limited to two minutes. After the commission has concluded the interview portion of tonight's meeting, the public may make comments directed to the city commission. Each speaker addressing the commission will be limited to five minutes or less if we have a lot of people who want to speak, and I'm going to guess that we're going to have a lot of folks that come tonight. We ask individuals who wish to address the commission to come to the microphone, state your name, and sign into the record. Individuals should feel free to speak in favor of any candidate, but please speak with respect and civility for all candidates. After the public comment is closed, the commission may engage in a discussion before each commissioner completes a ballot listing his or her top three candidates. Each candidate receiving a first place vote shall be accorded three points. Each second place vote shall receive two points. The third place vote will receive one point. After the votes are tabulated by the city attorney, the top two will be announced. We will select a member of the commission to sit in on those tabulations, okay? You'll be thinking about whom that may be. Before we get started, I request that everyone place their cellular phones on silent. I ask that the audience refrain from talking, whispering, or gesturing while the candidates are answering questions. Please no outbursts or applause. This is probably one of the, if not the, most important decisions that this body will make during this early part of our term. We have gotten a lot of help from great many people in this community and the candidates are due every bit of our attention. I do want to say one other thing. I want to again thank our committee and Joe Harkins is here this evening for all the work that they've done. I especially want to thank our staff, Tony and Bobbie, for everything that they've done. Diane and Casey, I do want to say that the timekeeper for tonight will be Bobbie Walthall She will be in charge of the two minutes and Casey Toomay, she'll be the bell ringer so she'll be able to tell you when it's over so I'm not the one that has to do all of this. Commission members will be the ones asking their original questions and we are going to go in an order. I didn't tell you about this part. We're going to jump around,

but I'll point to you when I want you to do ... say it's your turn, okay? Any other questions or comments?

Commissioner Herbert:

I just want to reiterate that public comment is absolutely welcome, but if you would, please, keep your comments of a positive nature for the candidate of your choice and not in an attacking manner. Last night, I overheard a comment that I've been thinking about all day, and that was civility is the cost of admission. We don't ask you to pay to come in here by any means, but we do ask you to remain civil. We have six people who have worked very hard to get to this point and regardless of what you think of any of the six, they've worked very hard to get to this point and they deserve respect.

Mayor Amyx: Okay.

Vice Mayor Soden: Certainly, we weren't allowed to have a special election

and this is the closest thing that we could approximate to an election. I think it was a really good process so I'm

looking forward to it. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx: Stuart, did you have anything?

Commissioner Boley: I just want to say thank you to the candidates for stepping

up. We're in a bind and we appreciate you trying to help us

out. I'd also like to thank the staff.

Mayor Amyx: Okay. One other group to thank in all of this process is to

thank the public. We have had so many comments and I know each one of us have, whether it be email, people stopping us on the street offering all kinds of assistance in this, so a special thank you to our public who has been really involved, really engaged in a lot of this entire process. I want to thank everybody for making it work, so that's where we are. Okay, so we are going to go ahead and begin the questioning tonight. Our first questioner is going to Commissioner Boley. We're going to start with Mr.

O'Brien tonight.

Commissioner Boley: The question is what can we do as commissioners to

ensure that Lawrence remains home to working people of

modest means?

Joe O'Brien Thank for that question and thank you, Commissioners, for

offering me this opportunity to share some of my thinking

with you. I think affordable housing strikes me as an issue that creeps up on a community almost like a variation of NIMBY, not in my back yard. I imagine that at a place like Lawrence some might wonder how people can not find a place to live. For renters we seemingly have three markets: a college student market, a market for those who cannot afford above \$400 per month, and those that can afford \$500 and up. While the market seems to be able to address the needs of students and those that can afford \$500 or more, there does appear to be a shortage for the under \$400 monthly rent market. This makes sense given the difficulty of making a profit from complex places where units rent for under \$400. One of the things we might have the commission consider is whether or not the number of dwelling units per acre to make those more so as to be able to have people is able to build more complexes with smaller units. The implications then also for a unit for a community where we have the rent begins to exceed those that own. This seems like a situation that's about to become present here in Lawrence and I raise this point in light of the national problem with the tremendous amount of student debt, a lot of those in the twenties and early thirties face. What are the implications that this might have for first-time home buyers? While I realize it at the moment the housing market for Lawrence is relatively well balanced. I do question the future of the starter home market. I'd also like to learn more about the impact of housing development on older to low/moderate income neighborhoods particularly given how such neighborhoods often are home to older people. How is the housing market readying itself for an increasing aging population? Finally, how might the Commission expand the efforts of the organization like Justice Matters to include those from the business sector to explore economically feasible approaches to affordable housing? How might we best facilitate and integrate affordable housing, economic development. and environmental sustainability? Lawrence continues to grow, I hope that the future development will... (bell sounded) I will then close my comments with that and I hope that begins to at least address some of my thinking on affordable housing.

Mayor Amyx: Thank you. Mr. Schauner.

David Schauner: Good evening. This is sort of like asking me how to build a rocket ship and get through the asteroid belt to get to Mars

and not get struck by an asteroid. The problem is that this is one of the most complex questions that this commission or any other commission has ever been asked to address. because there are so many factors that the commission can't control. The question asked about how we can ensure that the city remains a livable place for the working class. I guess, first of all, I don't know that the city can ensure anything. It can encourage through tax policy, land use decisions, and general community bully palpating, if you will, to cause the community to recognize the need for neighborhoods where people, no matter their means, can live. Lawrence, I described this to a friend of mine the other today, Lawrence is like if you think of Lawrence as west of about lowa and then east of that same street, it's like twins from different mothers. There are people who live west of Lawrence, west of Iowa, rather, who make a fair amount of money. There are a lot of folks who work in this community who make \$8, \$9, \$10, \$11 an hour. They have a hard time living anywhere in the City of Lawrence because according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, if you're working class, no one should spend more than 30% of their income for rent and utilities. If you make \$8 an hour, about \$16,000 a year, that doesn't leave very much money on a monthly basis for rent and utilities. The real answer, the ultimately real answer is better paying jobs, jobs in town that add value, jobs that pay more than \$8 an hour. There's nothing wrong with an 8-dollar-an-hour job, except you can't afford to live in Lawrence if you make \$8 or \$9 an hour. Thank you for your attention.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Watson.

Karl Watson:

Thank you for the opportunity to speak. I struggled with these questions. A lot of them, I think there's a background to that there's a specific answer and then there's a general answer. What I'm trying to bring tonight is some general answers to say I think a cohesive vision for the future of Lawrence answers a lot of the questions. By that I mean, if we can have a general understanding of how to grow the tax base in agreement and cohesion with economic development, I think that will reduce taxes for everybody and provide new professional jobs. I think that's a mix that's very delicate and it's hard ... am I not speaking loud enough? Can you hear all right?

Mayor Amyx:

No.

Karl Watson:

Okay. All right, thanks for letting me know. I think this the different cohesiveness between bodies Lawrence is important, and I think that's how you get things done and I think that's how you get results. I think our community is looking for results and I feel like sometimes the community puts expectations in the wrong place because there hasn't been the proper leadership. Let me give some specifics because that's pretty general. We've got to stop the sales tax expansion. To me that's a show stopper. Every time we turn around we're adding sales tax. I think with affordable living that's as important as any of the other issues that I've heard mentioned. That's the central factor in my mind. Economic development comes on the tail of that where if we can provide better paying jobs, so that people can afford to live the way they'd like to live is a critical factor. Now let me tie this together because I've got a bunch of friends that live affordably and they want to live the way they want to live, and our community should support that. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx: To the candidates, if you could hold that microphone up so

folks in the back could hear.

Dr. Terry Riordan: Does this work?

Mayor Amyx: Perfect.

Dr. Terry Riordan:

Good. Thank you for the opportunity tonight. It's good to be here. One of the things that I think that when we talk about modest means is we need to provide goals. You'll hear me talk a lot, I think, about goals tonight. I think this should be one of the goals that we help people in the city. One way we do that, I still think I go back to the bus system. A lot of people don't have cars. They have to get to work. They have to get across town to grocery stores. They have to get to physician's offices and for us to provide a system where we do that is great. I was extremely pleased that the city has made this priority of the citizens when we passed the sales tax about seven, eight years ago. I think mental health support is very important because we need to help people with that. We can't provide all the care, but we can make it easier to get into and we can provide situations where they can attain it. Mental health is a big reason why people don't have jobs, why people can't keep a job, why you can't keep families together. Being careful with the

taxes, I would agree with the other two. We need to be very careful with taxes and try to keep them to a minimum at the same time provide services for the citizens. Affordable housing for the young, for the middle aged, and retirees. I work with the Campus Village and one of the things that we're trying to do is create a village concept. I think this is very important because we need to create a situation where we take care of each other. Another thing is the living wages. Once again, the CDBG grants, I think, need to be emphasized. They are a method that we have that can help parts of the town that don't have as much economic ability. Thank you very much.

Mayor Amyx:

Ms. Larsen?

Lisa Larsen

Thank you for giving me this opportunity. I think there's two items that I would like to cover under this question. One is affordable housing and the other is a living wage. I believe we need to maintain an adequate supply of affordable housing using a combination of existing housing as well as new construction or new housing. I think we need to find ways to offer incentives to neighborhoods to maintain and upgrade existing housing. If incentives are determined to be the good way to go, then I would strongly encourage that we promote energy-efficient upgrades, including but not limited to solar and geothermal. I think we should find ways to hold down property taxes in neighborhoods that undergo significant changes. We need to ensure that those on fixed or low incomes will be not be taxed out of their home. We will not be able to do all things for everybody. obviously, but we should prioritize our needs and develop a plan that makes the biggest long-term impact to the livability of our neighborhoods. As far as the living wage goes, I personally believe that any adult who is willing to work a 40-hour work week, week in and week out show up and do their job, should not have to rely on welfare to maintain a modest lifestyle. This wrongfully strips people of their dignity. I would encourage and offer incentives to companies to move to Lawrence that are willing to pay a wage that at minimum supports a modest living. I would also encourage existing companies that do not pay a living wage to raise their pay scale or possibly offer incentives to raise their pay levels to levels that would support a modest living. We should not encourage companies that consider their employees access to welfare as part of their payroll plan. I also believe very strongly that companies do have a

social responsibility to pay their employees a living wage. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Morgan.

Scott Morgan:

Good evening. Thank you for the opportunity to be here. As many people have already said on these things, there are a lot of things you need to do to make this work for working people. You need affordable housing. You need good schools. I think that gets overlooked sometimes. Obviously, you have a school district, but that's their primary job, but the city needs to cooperate to encourage those because that's very important to any working class family. You need reasonable taxes. The word I focused on though in this question was working. I think that is the key to everything. I think you need to have strong economic development. You need to encourage jobs both from the outside and from growth on the inside. You need to understand the importance of the big economy now and the way the people develop jobs in the modern economy. You've got to be encouraging. It doesn't mean you'll roll over for businesses, but it does mean that you're welcoming to them, that you set high standards, and that you'll work to get them in here, because it's the jobs that will make all the rest of this possible. Now within the specific of affordable housing, you've got that as one of your goals. It should be, but you've got a lot of different things that make up how you go after affordable housing. One of the things I'd be interested in looking at is the use of the neighborhood revitalization incentives. I don't understand exactly how they've been used in the past and there's a lot of detail I would need to catch up with. I don't understand the use of them for the apartment complex across from the stadium. There's no affordable housing in that. That seems to be a distortion of that intended purpose. I think the neighborhood by neighborhood places where these kinds of uses could be very valuable. I understand the concerns with East Lawrence and I think that's a unique neighborhood that's got some real concerns about gentrification in terms of its proximity to downtown. There are an awful lot of great neighborhoods out there, Indian Hills, Prairie Meadows, Prairie Park, that have good modest housing that can stand to use some encouragement from the city in terms of these incentives. Now we need to look at it, we need to work with the neighborhood so we're not the government showing up

and saying hey, we're here to help you, but if it's a good fit, I'd like to look into that. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx: Next question will be for Mr. Schauner, and will be by Vice

Mayor Soden. David, if you will just wait for one second.

Filling in paperwork.

David Schauner: I'm at your disposal.

Vice Mayor Soden: How do you interpret the results of the election last April

and how will that influence your decisions as a

commissioner?

David Schauner

I think the vote last April indicated pretty substantial dissatisfaction with what many people saw as business as usual, the influence of big money, and the lack of transparency in decision-making at city hall. As I've read for months and months and months, the discussion about Rock Chalk Park, I had a heck of a time following exactly what was going on and who was making what decision and who was paying for what. Maybe that was just my inability to follow the discussion, but I don't think so. I think the general public came away from the Rock Chalk Park episode pretty discouraged and upset about the way that was handled. Whether there was anything materially wrong with the way it handled, I don't think really matters. I think the public believed that there was a substantial lack of transparency, that the fix was in, that certain people were going to make a certain sort of profit out of that construction. You add to that then the police facility vote. I think there was a tremendous amount of dissatisfaction with the price of that project, again, the lack of long-term transparency. There was a lot of information available about that process, but I think when people heard \$47,000 an acre to build a building when the city has other options at a time when people are suffering and trying to make rent and housing payments or utility payments, I don't think that sat very well with folks. I think their active voice was I don't want more of that same, I want people to be more responsible on the commission with my dollars, add value to the dollars that I pay as a taxpayer. I think the result was the people that were up for reelection, many of them who were on the commission at the time those decisions were made, were simply not returned to office.

Mayor Amyx: Mr. Watson.

Karl Watson:

Another good question. Thank you, Leslie, for the question. Again, difficult to answer specifically, but in general, Lawrence needs change. Lawrence wants change and I think that's what they voted for. I think they'd also like an increased level of transparency and responsibility in the police station and with the failed vote. I think demonstrated that. I think at the root of this is better communications. Right now, my frustration is, I have a difficult time understanding what the commission wants to do, what its goals are, and where it's headed. I think one of the most important things this commission needs to do in the next year is to establish a vision that's supported by activities and encourages neighborhood participation with some type of a vision of where we go together. Right now I feel like we all act independently and we don't recognize how different services intertwine. I'd like to add I think in our community we have a great example of effective leadership and that's our current hospital. I think the hospital represents a similarly-sized institution that has a strategic planning process that sets goals, that monitors performance that informs their board of what the facts are so that good decisions can be made. Boy, do we need those in healthcare. I would add, boy do we need them in city government. I think I can help do that.

Mayor Amyx:

Dr. Riordan.

Dr. Terry Riordan

I've asked this question many a time to myself and I come up with different answers. To me one of the first answers that I thought is that the people really want to be listened to. I think the previous city commission, before I was on, did not listen to the citizens to a big extent. They did change slightly and they did have a big process, but I think in general they didn't listen and that's what we need to do as commissioners. One of the reasons I asked Diane in the city to start Lawrence Listens is just for that reason. We need to have ways that we can have people have input. Second reason, I think, is because they were just mad. I think some people are mad on a local basis, some are mad on a national basis, but they were mad for reasons. There were concerns about incentives. How should we use these incentives? I think as city commissioners we don't have a good method of saying what is the goal of this particular incentive? What are we trying to achieve with it? If we can set those goals aside,

then we can decide better how to allocate those numbers. When we had the NRAs I was always surprised because I always thought that would be a on a small basis, not a large basis. I think there was a distrust of power, but these things are things in the past. These things have occurred, we have gone on. We have a different city now than we had then. We have a city now where we have a difficulty because we had a commissioner do some things that shouldn't be done. Those lessons that we learned are not in the past. They should be in the present. We need to listen. We need to involve citizens more. We also need stability and we need insight, and these are the things that I hope to help bring to the city commission and use the information and my education that has occurred. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Ms. Larsen.

Lisa Larsen

The citizens of Lawrence spoke very, very loudly and very clearly about many aspects of their governing body during this last election. They spoke about the overuse and improper use of tax abatements and other incentives. They spoke about the need to thoroughly vet the merits of a project, about actively listening to citizen voices. Citizens felt that some commissioners just weren't listening and some had no interest in what citizens had to say. They said they needed a more transparent government. Projects were being pushed through without transparency or adequate information. I think this election spoke to Lawrence's state of commitment to be a sustainable community, and sustainability includes insuring that projects are economically viable, environmentally friendly, and socially acceptable. All of these three criteria have to be equally balanced in order to meet that sustainability commitment. Many of the controversial issues were not socially acceptable. The citizens felt the system was out of balance so they used the biggest tool available in their toolbox to demand balance and make their voice heard. they voted. They voted in those who promised that the citizen voices would be heard and the citizen voices would play a vital role in their decision-making process. What I will do if elected to be on this commission is I will ask more questions. I will actively listen. I will weigh the evidence and make sure I understand why people think the way they do especially if it is a point that I have not heard of before. I will assure that those who I both agree and disagree with

willfully know why I voted yes or no on a particular project. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Morgan.

Scott Morgan:

Having been involved in many elections through the years, some of which I've won and some of which I haven't, and not just campaign issues, there's also been ballot issues, bond issues, different proposals that I've been actively involved with. There are a lot of messages that come out of any election and the results. You have to be careful not to read too many details into those results. It was clear from this last election that there was the general disagreement and the trust had been broken with that commission. When a representative government loses that trust, then you have what happens. I think that it is vitally important that whoever gets on this commission and the commission as it moves forward, works to reignite that trust, to reengage that trust, and to realize the importance of process. Process is at the basis of everything in Lawrence and you've got to keep that in mind. I think if you go to too much deeper than that into specific issues as far as a mandate, it gets a little fuzzier the deeper you go because for instance the three of you who are elected this last time, each of you have difference of opinion in various issues, as you should. The community does. You do need to take away the big one which is process and trust matter and in all the elections through all the years, that are when, people, get knocked out is when there's a break there. I think it's important that we reestablish that, and I think this community responds well to that in a representative government. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. O'Brien.

Joe O'Brien:

Well, now with the with trouble of going last is, of course, is everyone has already said the good stuff, so I'll try to add something to that. Looking at what happened back in the spring in a nutshell, I would say there was a concern over budget priorities relative to matters like the Rock Chalk Park and the police station. I think there was an emphasis on the importance of transparency relative to city's future development, and I think there was a need to discern how to better engage the community in budgetary and development matters. Let me give you one example of what I would like for us to be able to start doing a little bit

better and that's how to be able to put major development projects into a larger community context. One of the concerns with major municipal forms of economic incentives such as a tax finance incentive district is the opportunity cost. You put a project in place and then what happens is then you have to assess it, but in all fairness you can't assess it on what was not done. That leaves me wondering relative to the last election is how much of what will happen with Rock Chalk Park ended up influencing people's perception of the police station. In turn, I also recognize and has already been mentioned that these are complex issues and a police station also dealt with issues related to the increase in the sales tax to fund it as well as concern over maybe not enough evidence to be able to support the need for a centralized place, as Scott brought up last time. I think another issue that would also like for us to give some hard consideration to as mentioned in my application, this emphasis on building in, building up, and building out. Relative, for example, to some of the incentive programs of projects that have already been underway, is what happening on New Hampshire Street. It's now the new norm of six or seven story buildings all along that place. That would almost seem like that would be the case if I was a developer and I realized that if I want to be given the situation where I'm able to gain the most, offer up a huge project and then what you have happening is a very dramatically new look to the downtown. Thank vou.

Mayor Amyx: Thank you. Commissioner Herbert, you'll go next.

Commissioner Herbert: Do you have a preference on questions?

Mayor Amyx: It doesn't matter. Commissioner Herbert's first question,

we'll begin with Mr. Watson.

Commissioner Herbert: Thank you. Mr. Watson, the City of Lawrence has a

population of nearly 93,000 and yet on any given Tuesday the city hall hosts less than 30 citizens at our weekly meeting. As a seated commissioner, what are your plans to engage the community who do not attend meetings and

the process?

Karl Watson: Great question. I think anybody that wants to listen to

93,000 people has got a pretty challenging activity ahead of them and I think it's a good question to ask because it

goes to the core of our city government. My guess is there're some people with Masters in Public Administration that spend careers trying to understand and improve that. What does the commissioner do and how can a commissioner help? I think the main tool seems to be in our existing structure a website and the Journal World. That leaves me concerned because many times instead of getting an answer to a question from a city official I get an answer that says, well, just check the website. Well, this week I checked the website for our goals and I had trouble finding them. I shouldn't say I had trouble finding them. I found a lot of them, way too many and I couldn't put them together. Then when I thought about how I try to understand what 93,000 people think about those goals, I was truly perplexed. Then for the final nail I realized I didn't have time to get a Masters in Public Administration to answer the question, sorry. What do we expect? The city commission needs to set out some expectations. We do that with goals and objectives. We do that with a financial plan that makes sense and that's understandable. We can improve our website, we can improve our communications, but we've got to do it as a group. I think most of the culture of our city government is enforcement. We enforce the codes, we enforce the speed limit, we enforce fire protection, and we do things to encourage people to behave safely. All of those things are how do our control our community? I think our opportunity today is how we encourage new actions that move Lawrence forward. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Dr. Riordan.

Dr. Terry Riordan:

I probably had more of a problem with this particular question than any other, because to give you a real answer is difficult. Some of the citizens will be engaged, some will never be engaged, but I think there's a large majority out there that could be engaged if we could do something to do that. Once again, I go back to Listening Lawrence, try to give people information, because I think if you give you them information about what you're doing and how you're doing it, you perk their interest. You're doing things that affect them. The other is that you can have information going out to them through the internet letting know what things are going on because sometimes just "I didn't know that, I didn't know we were doing that." If we can get that information out to them and use the systems

that we have. In medicine we now have portals where people can come in and get information and we can send information out. We also need to look at what other cities are doing. We have a city right near us, Olathe, that's doing a lot of things that is engaging their citizens. Let's look at that city. Let's look at other cities and what they're doing. We don't have to reinvent the wheel, but we do need to do something. Town Hall meetings are very inefficient. You get 15, 20 people there, but you get a lot of information, so I think you need to utilize your time well, but some use of Town Hall meetings would be good. I think the use of polls would be good, but I would hate a situation and I think Commissioner Herbert has used some polls in a good way, but you have to be careful because if all you do is follow a poll, why do you need city commissioners? You have to interpret that data. You have to take what that says. You don't do what's popular; you still should do what's right. We could consider remote sites going out and doing things elsewhere. It does create problems that we might or might not be able to solve. I think those are just some of the things that we can do to help engage citizens and make them feel important.

Mayor Amyx:

Ms. Larsen?

Lisa Larsen:

To start I would want to know a little bit more about the streaming website that we have where you can sit at home and watch the meetings on TV. I would also want to know how commissioners feel about this level of participation. Do you consider it to be an active participation? Should we further engage this method to make it more interactive with the commissioners? That's one tool. I believe another tool is to encourage participation is that the commission be fully transparent in their processes. This could alleviate some of the apathy that we see. I believe that the more trustworthy and transparent that we are as a collective body, the more apt that citizens will want to engage because they trust that their voice matters. Another tool that I would support is using a larger space when discussing controversial issues. This sends a very strong signal that as a governing body we want a large participation, it's wanted, and it's expected for these issues. Of recent social media I believe is being used as a public forum. I cannot see myself using this type of forum. I would be fearful that I would post something inappropriately, inadvertently, or misinterpreted. Prior to voting on a project, I believe it is

vital to allow citizens to engage their commissioners both before the commission meetings and after an item had been discussed by the commissions at the commission meetings. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Morgan.

Scott Morgan:

I think one of the things I learned in my eight years on the school board was the importance of any elected person to remember that the group of people in front of you at any given meeting, whether it's an official meeting or task force or neighborhood group or whatever, is but a small slice of the group you're representing. That's an important thing to keep in mind. What I did, which may sound weird, but when I'd be shopping whether it was downtown or Dillon's or at Hy-Vee, Checkers, Walmart, wherever, is to look around and realize how many people you just don't know. We know lots of people. We are all actively involved in lots of different things and we run into people we know a lot, but there are a lot of people in this town who are good, hardworking people who commute, who do whatever, and you don't know them. You need to remind yourself all the time so that you're aware. When you're trying to engage a community, you first have to be aware of the breadth of that community and then you need to start using whatever formal and informal methods. There are the formal ones of task force, of putting together groups. There are the informal ones of the networks you have and organizations that you're part of, churches and associations that you belong to. There are the preexisting groups of neighborhoods, of the chamber, of all the other different groups that preexist on any specific issue. Most importantly, you have to be open to people coming up and talking to you, to be approachable, to be someone that they can respond to whether it's through social media or in direct face to face. I got used to just being stopped wherever I went because people had questions and they knew I was somebody who wouldn't get my back up, who I'd like to listen to them and I wanted to hear it. You have to be open to it, you have to be aware of it, and you have to constantly fight it. Because people have lives to live and it's difficult to engage them. It's not their fault, it's not our fault. It's just the nature. That's why we have representative government so that you have to actively pursue it. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. O'Brien.

Joe O'Brien

Yeah, for me I think the two simple answers is enter the digital age being point one, and point two is look at this situation, why only 30 people? Well, there are only 30 seats. The question is how we are approaching this kind of matter in the first place. I think one of the things that we have, we have had an excellent experience with 14 applications for this position, 12 people serving on advisory committee and we're questioning the vitality of this community, I raise questions about that. One of the questions I would add is what is the commission planning to do to be able to reach out to Caleb Stevens and Ken Easthouse, who I think are probably two rising leaders in this community. The point is that simply we already have a whole lot of networks in place. Do we do things in a proactive way to reach out? How many advisory boards are in this city? How often are they brought together not as a group collectively physically but visually to seek their input? The people are there, they already have stepped forward, and we're not making full use of them. Obviously, one of the points I'm trying to make is how do we reach out with social media? I appreciate Terry hadn't realized that Lawrence's Listening may have been a thought that you had as well. How do we ensure that we're able to get more traffic onto a place like that? One of the ways it might have to be is to get those networks we already have connected with Lawrence Listens and start trying to figure out how to be able to move simply out of the physical place we have and into the digital world where a lot of the people that we're looking to take over our positions are going to have to likely be using. Another thing is on a real simple level, this is sent out via a whole lot of different feeds. What is it that the commission does to then reach out and ask them to contribute back? Or again operating within the context of a web.1.0 of give information out rather than web.2.0 of how to figure out how to use the Twitter feeds, how to use the online streaming, how to be able to take advantage of the tools that are there to better engage the people in the community.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Schauner.

David Schauner:

I used to think it was an advantage to go last. I think it's a disadvantage to go last on this question. I'd say ditto to everything I've heard. My own experience on the commission was we do budget discussions and talk about

raising taxes or this project or that project, and we'd get three people in the room and nobody had a comment. Sometimes I think there's too much information. We can have city commission meetings in different locations. We can have all kinds of Twitter feeds and social media events and so forth and so on, but I think the truth of the matter is that people do listen. People do know what's going on. There are only 93,000 people in town. This is not New York City. I think the last election showed that when people care about an issue and they're involved in that issue, they do turn out and they do raise their voice and they do make their thoughts known. The election is, in fact, the opportunity for the public to demonstrate its involvement and its interests. The old adage of you always get what you always got if you always do what you always did, probably fits here. If we don't change anything the way the commission does it, we'll probably only get the 30 people in the room. I think there are 31 chairs, not 30, but nevertheless, the fact of the matter is you're never going to get 300 people in this room to talk about a land plan decision which is much of what the commission does. They'll be here if it's an issue that gets their attention; 28million-dollar police station or a Rock Chalk Park. Those are issues that are visceral and they get people involved. Now, I'm very much in favor of anybody who has a comment they want to address to me as a commissioner, I want to hear what they have to say. I want them to come to meetings and continue to involve themselves, but I think we're fooling ourselves if we think we're ever going to get 100 people or 300 people to come to a discussion about land plan decisions.

Mayor Amyx:

Okay. The next question will be for Dr. Riordan. The city commission has set priorities and goals. How will you assist the commission in being able to meet its goals?

Dr. Terry Riordan:

Well, the first thing I did was I went to what those goals were. Public safety, mental health, infrastructure, non-motorized transportation, affordable housing, economic development, those are great. I couldn't agree with them more. I think they're at the heart of what we do as a city. It also plays into what I do every day, which is help children. There's a national study that's called ACEs, Adverse Childhood Events, and it's a very important bit of information because it tells you that if you have three or four adverse childhood events, you're not going to be a

productive citizen. You're not going to be helped. There's not too much we can do. There are things we can do to prevent that. Affordable housing can help that because one of the adverse events is not being homeless. Another is nurturing parenting skills. Well, if you're employed and you have money, then you can be much more nurturing than if you're unemployed. Creating situations where you have economic development, affordable housing, infrastructure and mental health, because if you have mental health problems, those are things that create difficulties. One of my biggest disappointments after losing the election and coming in fourth is I spent two years gaining skills and those skills as a commissioner I didn't get to use as much as I would like. I learned how to help and grow the city and make it go forward, how a good commissioner works with commission. а good Compromise is something that you have to do, but you have to compromise if both parties think they didn't do very well, and then you probably got a pretty good deal. Never lose your sight of your goals. Does it help the citizens of Lawrence? Are we a better city because of this change? Did I listen to the input from the citizens? Can we afford to do it? Those are the ways that I would help

Mayor Amyx:

Ms. Larsen.

Lisa Larsen:

I'm going to use an example of how I ran my business when we were going through the goal process or just the daily/weekly way we operated. As with any business it is vital that we would stay focused on our goals. We did this by following a very stringent process to meet these goals. One of our processes included weekly discussions with managers about our short-term goals as well as our longer term goals. We started each and every week, every single Monday of the year at 6:00 a.m. We had a meeting that included me, my field services managers, and my director of operations. During this meeting we would discuss the week's projects, the field employee's issues, and short and long-term issues with equipment. By the end of the meeting we had a plan to ensure our field crew had a successful week. At 6:30 a.m. our field services manager would meet with his field crew and begin loading equipment and supplies for the week. At the same time our director of operations would prepare for our financial meeting. At about 8:00 or 9:00 a.m. in the morning, our director of operations and me would have a financial

meeting. This meeting included review of our current profit and loss sheet, our receivables, our payable, and our cash flow, labor and overtime hours. We had a key set of indicators that we looked at each week to ensure the short and long-term viability of our company. In addition we would discuss among other things our long-term goals such as adding to our core products to increase revenue, the need to replace equipment, and maintaining growing the business. By the end of our Monday morning meetings, we had a solid plan to ensure our week was successful and to ensure our long-term goals were on track. To meet the broadly-stated goals of this commission, it is a vital that we develop a process and crystallize our goals so that each piece can be tracked and successfully implemented. My business practices would allow me to bring this process or an approach to the commission discussion of their stated goals. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Morgan.

Scott Morgan:

When I looked at the six goals that you have up on your site, they are very good goals, they are very basic. They are very broad, essentially a mission statement, we want to have a good government. I think that's good. What I don't know, of course, is how you break that down into the priorities and how you get the stated specifics into it and I think that's an important part of how I can help implement those goals. One thing I do bring to the table is having been a senior staff person for a U.S. Senator and for the Governor is I understand the difference between the role of senior staff and the person who sits up here as an elected official. I think that's an important distinction because it is incumbent upon the commission to set the goals, to set the priorities, and then you work with staff who implements it, and then you work together to have regular updates. You have these broad, really good goals which you need and I think you have that nice sheet that you update I think on a regular basis that's on the agenda that can show all the many things you're doing under each goal. What we would do on the school board was you'd have your stated goals of wanting to educate all children no matter what their situation. I think they worded it better than that, but the board would set priorities for that year for the next year in terms of things that you could actually measure and you could see where you were getting. The biggest thing you did, though, was you remembered those goals, those

priorities when it came budget time because your money needs to follow your priorities. That's what the big power you have is the power of the purse and you set your goals and then you implement them largely through staff, but also then through the budget. If your money is not following your priorities, you've got an issue, you've got a disconnect. I think the understanding of how that works, how staff works, how elected people work, and then the importance of the budget process, is a big thing I can do to help the commission implement their goals.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. O'Brien.

Joe O'Brien

May I first address to you specific examples and then maybe speak a little bit more broadly. I think I bring a wealth of experience and skills in working extensively with the Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice before I came here to Kansas, as well as the Virginia Department of Correctional Education, a host of juvenile probation officers throughout the state, and I've also had an experience in working with school resource officers, court officials, and attorneys. I might prove helpful in working with the police department with their ongoing education campaign about the proposed police station. I also realize that the city attorney's office has expressed interest in mental health courts and in a prior position I worked with juvenile court officials in creating diversion programs for first-time juvenile offenders, so I'm quite familiar with alternative means of justice like a mental health court. I recognize the work that are taken by Justice Matters and the commission's connection to that organization partnering to address the needs of those with mental health issues and matters about affordable housing is an important way, I think, for the commission to approach shared community concerns. As having served on state, local, national boards of nonprofit organizations and having directed one myself, I'm quite familiar with the importance of partnerships. Finally, I've worked with local, state, national groups in matters as diverse as long-range planning, fund raising, professional development and program development, implementation and evaluation. While I realize that there might be some that have concern about my experience, let me just say that my work has been directly connected to working with local and state governments for quite a number of years. Also in case of learning about my learning curve, Scott may appreciate this, my first teaching

job I interviewed on a Monday afternoon. On Wednesday morning I found myself in a classroom with four separate preparations in 7th grade, 9th grade, 10th grade, and 12th grade, so just go. My last job that I had before coming here basically I took a job that was completely grant funded and nine months later I had to turn in a grant proposal which I had never done before and had to have those nine months in order to be able to prove that I was running a project that was worth funding while at the same time traveling in a car from a state that's as west as Detroit, Michigan, to the Atlantic Ocean. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Schauner.

David Schauner:

Great goals, great information, poor long-term planning I believe are the hallmarks of this commission, its predecessors, the commission I sat on from 2003 until 2007. I do share something with Terry Riordan. I came in fourth also. The missing piece for all the goals, all great goals, is that we don't plan for how to achieve them. There's so much information every week to deal with that we get lost in the minutia rather than the broad policy decision-making that will help us achieve the goals. If you're just focused on this week's work, this week's goal, this week's agenda, you'll never achieve the goal. Rather than breaking down these goals into separate components, I think it's important to look at them as all interrelated one with the other. You can't have affordable housing and a living wage if you don't have good jobs. You can't have public safety if you don't have good neighborhoods where people want to live and you have good public safety in those neighborhoods. Every one of your goals are connected with one another and it's I believe incumbent on the policy-making body to figure out how those goals will be achieved in a step-by-step basis. Otherwise, the first year you're on the commission is over. Then you're into the second year and that's going to go very quickly especially if you're on a two-year term and you're going to run for reelection. It's really challenging to impose upon staff the need to keep you focused on achieving the goals in a step-by-step achievable, continuing to check on progress, approach. That would be my challenge to the commission.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Watson.

Karl Watson: Thank you for that perfect lead-in.

David Schauner: You're welcome.

Karl Watson: I'd offer up my background and I want to give an example.

We had the chairman of the publicly traded company. He was responsible to tens of thousands, possibly hundreds of thousands of shareholders, and the goal was to provide them a better rate of return at the bottom line. It was very simple. Thousands of options existed to drive the bottom line. They all started at the top line with new ideas on ways to do new things. The board of the company's idea and collaboration with a leader was to open stores internationally. I had the great fortune of being in a situation where the question came to my group to say if you could pick any country in the world, Karl, which country would you open new stores in? We spent about \$50,000 of outside money to answer that question. The answer came back, let's do Canada because it's close, it shares values, and they speak English. The board of directors said that's great. That was one step in a specific goal to get to a specific place. Now the next step was well. what do we do now? The board gave us \$500,000 and they said how do we do Canada? We hired attorneys and we hired lobbyists and we studied the legislation. We studied consumer protection. We studied labor law. We studied the differences in the culture that were represented in Canada, and those differences are huge. I'm so glad we picked an English-speaking country. Just the French part, Quebec is the French part, and just understanding the differences between the English-speaking and the Quebec was impossible. I offer my skills to summarize those types of things. I've been through that kind of detail. I think I can help guide the staff of the city in developing the same type of decision processes to support the exciting future that Lawrence has if we're given proper leadership and we do the right activities.

Mayor Amyx: Okay. Commissioner Boley, your question will go to Ms.

Larsen.

Commissioner Boley: What do you think a commissioner can do to encourage

constructive conversations on controversial issues?

Lisa Larsen: I think the initial thing we should do is build trust through

transparency of the process. We need to pay close

attention to citizens' feedback on the process and incorporate citizens' ideas when it's warranted. We need to find a bigger space for discussion of controversial issues. This would signal that the commission expects and wants to hear more voices. I would also model constructive participation. I would be thoughtful in commissioner's remarks and thorough in the research and assure that citizens have access to all the information in which to base their opinions. An example of this is some citizens felt that they did not have access to sufficient information regarding options for the Lawrence Police Department. The old adage on this is that a confused customer never buys. It is so true in this situation.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Morgan.

Scott Morgan:

I think there are two directions you can go with this question. One is the constructive conversations within the commission itself and I think that's an important level of constructive conversations. You achieve that by respecting each other, listening to each other, coming prepared to the meetings. The big thing is never questioning the motives of someone who disagrees with you up there because you want conversations. You are not going to agree on everything, but you want to be able to know that that person respects you, you respect them, and you're going to listen to them and that's how you have one at the commission level. The other one, trying to have it with the community at large, has always been a challenge for every elected body in terms of how to get out there and get the best kind of interaction. I did this for years at the school board. We had many controversial issues. Some things worked, some things didn't. You can have lots of forums and you should, but those really aren't conversations. Those are listening to people typically who are pretty angry. There's value in that both for them and for the board to hear these things. The thing that worked the best for us, I thought, in all the years that we did it was one of the controversial issues was moving 9th graders to the senior high school and 6th graders into a new middle school format. The 9th grade at senior high was an issue that fermented for years here and had a lot of animosity of people that were concerned about that. We're the last district in the state to make that move. What we did that worked well was we invited people in to each of the then junior highs; we set the community itself around the table.

We had board members and staff people at each table, but the conversation was not just them with us. It was the community with each other. We learned a lot of valuable information back from that on those and what people were concerned about and where their issues that we needed to address, and they learned a lot about the nature of this community and the fact there are a lot of differences of opinions out there and the fact that all of your friends agree with you doesn't mean that's all the board or the commission is hearing. That's the way that had worked the best. The other way is back to the answer of how do you engage 93,000? You've got to be approachable. You've got to be willing to respond to people, to their emails, and I think that's how that works out.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. O'Brien.

Joe O'Brien:

Thank you. I might recommend a radical approach and that would be to have one of you resign kind of would precipitated this series of public discussions because I think that this has resulted in I think a really healthy public deliberation about the city and the future of the city commission. I applaud the effort of what the commission has done to try and bring silk out of a sow's ear. First I'd recognize how deliberation about controversial issues is not simply healthy but it's essential to city governance. I think typically controversy arises out of a disagreement over two or more good principles. We need to always keep that in mind is that often times what happens is that you're not going to have people argue against reasoned economic growth or argue against environmental sustainability. It's when all of a sudden those two begin to come at each other that we then all of a sudden, run into some difficulties. Given that, sometimes what we also need to remember is to acknowledge and appreciate how each person places different values on those principles. While acknowledging differences of opinion, those involved must appreciate also the importance of compromise. Seemingly, in obvious manner, I realize that compromise at times means seemingly giving in a little bit on your principles which is not an always comfortable thing to be able to do, but also realize that at times that some matters though get caught up in issue that even teasing out of the principles that are involved again alluding to the police station, sometimes might make this difficult and which might be an important task for the commission is help set the stage for some of those debates. Finally, I think an important piece that we ought to take the constructive conversations a step further to purposeful deliberation, one where there's a fairly well-defined process, one intended to be able to reach an agreement. Whereas the discussions are a critical first step but they are just that, a first step. Again, closing where I started, I think that the process that the commission has set up to make the replacement for the vacancy illustrates the value of such a process.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Schauner.

David Schauner:

If I'd been sitting on the commission when he made his opening comment, I'm not sure he would have been looking at for resignation. I think all the conversations constructive. In fact in my experience on the commission, Mayor Amyx and I had a number of times when we disagreed about things, but it didn't mean it wasn't constructive conversation. I think, frankly, we modeled constructive conversation. We modeled the ability to disagree with one another and I walk by his barber shop in the morning and still say, "Hi, Mike. How are you?" I think modeling as a commissioner the way you conduct yourself in a meeting is a good first step. I'm frankly proud of the community because all of the conversation about Rock Chalk, about the police station, about the arts funding, all of that in my mind has been constructive conversation. If the inference in the question is that some of the conversation's not been constructive, I would dispute that because people do have strong feelings. People do care. I think Lawrence is doggone blessed to have to deal with these difficult issues about how to build a police station we need or how to build a Rock Chalk facility that the community might want or how to deal with spending a fair amount of money on a project out of guest taxes. I guess I'm a little challenged by the inference that the conversation's not constructive. I believe the more conversation, the better. I believe this community has a history of interest in the events of this body and have always demonstrated a willingness to have a constructive, open, honest, blunt conversation expressing their opinions.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Watson.

Karl Watson:

A central part of this is how do we bring the government to the people? I feel like many times we've got a government

that's on Sixth Street. I'm encouraged, I've seen several of the current commissioners out helping with the trash crews and being with the people doing the work, and I see over and over you're out in the community in different activities. I think that's a first step and I think that's something we already do. Now how does the communication process work amongst the commissioners? I would like to see a more strategic focus where the commission sets the vision rather than making daily decisions on which budgets are going to be used for what activities. I realize when I say that it's a big distinction and you don't do either one of those, but what I'd like to emphasize is there's a vision that I worked with where the staff of the city can provide much more effective information. In the last meeting last week there was a great chart that the finance director presented on where we're at. As a small business owner, that's the first thing I look at and I like to hear Lisa say that that Monday morning I'm trying to figure out where I am. I look at the city, I can't figure out where I am, and when I see conversations about how we're going to spend \$20,000 to \$40,000 on a very worthwhile activity in Lawrence that consumes the commission's time, I'm frustrated. You're very important people. You have great opinions. We need a structure and an organization that supports those conversations. Now I'm going to get to the second part of this is, the second part of this is even more important, how do you have these conversations with the community? Again, we've got 93,000 people. We need some real expertise here that can help us build communication models that encourage participation. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Dr. Riordan.

Dr. Terry Riordan:

This is a difficult area and one that I learned a lot in my two years while I was on the city commission. The first thing I found is that you really need to listen. You need to listen to the other city commissioners, what they say and why they say it. You need to listen to the public and the staff, but you need to ask questions. Questions like, does this meet the goal of the city? You need to respect alternative opinion. I can remember as ONA president, we were working with KU and they wanted to build a scholarship hall. Well, they kept creeping into our neighborhood and in the process destroying parts of the neighborhood and we had demolition by neglect. We would go in and I learned then something very important. When you go in on a

controversial area you respect the people that you're working with even though you disagree with them. We would go in and we would argue and we would come out and we would talk and we would laugh and we would talk to each other. That's how you show respect. You don't keep score. It's not about who you are. It's about what you do. If what you're doing is meeting the goals of the city, you're okay. I said very early in the beginning that I would challenge statements that were made and challenge things if I disagreed with them. It was not in a controversial way, but it was in a way that I thought was important because we needed to bring certain things out. You need to respect opposite thoughts because many of them are well founded, but they need to be explained. I found in my office and I found in reality that you need to ask questions why people think what they think? What are the bases of their thoughts? I think the other parts that we can do, once again, is go to other cities and see what they do and see how they handle controversial issues and see what their resolutions are. Mainly, I think we need to ask questions. We need to have people explain themselves, and by asking questions I find that a very effective method of learning.

Mayor Amyx:

Okay. The next question we'll start with Mr. Morgan and it's from Vice Mayor Soden.

Vice Mayor Soden:

What constitutes a desirable healthy neighborhood that you would wish to live in?

Scott Morgan:

I think neighborhoods are a lot like people in this situation where desirable and healthy can mean different things to different people. Certainly on desirable, that means a lot of different things. Healthy, you have a range of things that it can mean from a marathon runner to an older person who can walk six blocks a day and looks great for their age. Now all that being said is what I'm trying to get at is that one of the beauties of Lawrence is that we respect that the people like different things and like to live their lives differently. I live my life and you live your life and we don't insist that all be the same. I think that's important to keep in mind and that's why this community, one of the many things that makes this community great, is the differences in neighborhoods. That being said, I have had the privilege of being part of two communities, two neighborhoods, in my time here. The home I've lived in since we moved back in 1988 is one very different kind of neighborhood, then the one where I had my office from 1994 to 2007 on East Ninth Street. Two very different places, two very great places, but it was great having the opportunity to everyday being in both of those worlds and realize that there are common denominators as to what people want. We want to have different feelings to neighborhoods, but we want great sidewalks. We want great infrastructure. We want lights that work. We want safe roads. We want pedestrians to be able to cross the road, kids to get to school. Those were common denominators that you find throughout the community. I think its incumbent on the city to recognize there's the common areas and there are distinctions. When we're implementing policy, where we're making decisions, we need to respect those differences and realize something might work here, but it's not going to work over here. If you do it all as one blanket and we all need to live the same way, that's not going to fly in Lawrence. I think the differences are awesome, but we need to understand those similar areas where we work on the basic infrastructure and make them work in all neighborhoods.

Mayor Amyx:

Thank you. Mr. O'Brien.

Joe O'Brien:

Leslie, I really liked your question. I took it very personally because it took me back out over 20 years ago as I confronted a situation of whether to remain in Lawrence with my 11-year-old son after only being here for about 15 months, or to return to Virginia to be near family and friends. Five years later when I decided to move from the 1100 block of Vermont across from South Park to a neighborhood with more children. Initially I was attracted to Lawrence because of the open and friendly nature of the people, the diversity of public spaces for people to gather. I was impressed with how the elementary schools were not simply the academic but also the social heart of many neighborhoods. While living on Vermont Street I was fortunate to have unbelievably supportive neighbors that helped me through a very difficult time which I think is another key aspect of a neighborhood for me. Considering other places to live in Lawrence I was fortunate to find a place with a nearby cul-de-sac which served as a safe gathering place for children as well as an outdoor space for many outdoor parties that about 15, 20 different families have several times a year. Over the years this gathering of people which Mr. Herbert might appreciate

has gravitated to Facebook so that we are able to keep our connections going in between the parties. The hallmark of such neighborhoods is I think that people are committed to each other's well-being and rally behind each other in time of need. I think I'll also benefit from the fact that I lived in a mixed use area so that I have an apartment complex that's about a block and a half away where a good friend lives. Also near several retail stores where just the other day I ran into somebody who came up to me and introduced himself as the father of one of my students. I think obviously, as Scott said, the recent citizen survey shows a good barometer of what people desire, but I do think we need to keep in mind that how the community efforts, things that we undertake as a community, that at times they do not come at the expense of neighborhoods. It's a corresponding challenge particularly as more work outside of the city, population grows, and the boundaries expand, just how do we maintain this quality of openness, friendliness, commitment to one another, and willingness to help? Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Schauner.

David Schauner:

There's sort of an irony in this question and that is the goals the city commission set of public safety, mental health, infrastructure, non-motorized transportation, and affordable housing, dovetail beautifully into the question of what kind of a neighborhood do you want to live in? You want to live in a neighborhood that has all those things. You want to live in a safe neighborhood. You want to live in a neighborhood where people have a reasonably good quality of mental health. You want an appropriate infrastructure. You want good sidewalks. You want a street that functions. You want a sewer system that functions. You want basic civic services that work. You want a good sidewalk. You want a sidewalk that's not broken. You want a sidewalk that allows you to stand in front of your house and talk to your neighbor. Whether you have a cul-de-sac or a sidewalk, you want a place you can go outside and feel safe. When I was thinking about the answer to this question, a number of our neighborhoods on the east side of town are so overgrown with trees in the public right of way that have not been maintained by the city. I believe safe neighborhood is also a well-lighted neighborhood. You can't have a particularly well-lighted neighborhood if the trees are blocking out a significant

amount of the available night illumination. In short, you want a neighborhood where people feel that they can go outside; have a conversation with their neighbor. Maybe it's in a cul-de-sac, maybe it's on the front stoop, maybe it's on the sidewalk, and I think we want to revisit the notion of community policing. This was a conversation seven or eight or nine years ago. Part of that safety feature is can you have police on beats where the police know the people who live in the neighborhood and the people in the neighborhood know the police? That adds a significant element of public safety and the sense of security in that neighborhood that can make that a place where you feel safe to live there and have your children play outside.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Watson.

Karl Watson:

My excitement with Lawrence is diversity and I think the government whatever they can do here to preserve that diversity is a central role. I grew up in a small rural town. The county averaged two people per square mile. We had lots of open space. We had lots of wildlife. We had lots of freedom. What we didn't have was a lot of diversity. We all worked hard, we all stayed and worked when harvest was due. We all stayed and worked when the crops needed to be planted. Most of us knew how to drive when we were nine or ten years old, not because we were licensed, but because we had to. I liked that, I liked the results. I liked the way I grew up. Then I got to college. I fell in love with the woman that I love, who's a first generation American who spent her high school years not at Lawrence High, but in Kinshasa, which was in the middle of the civil war in Africa, where daily gun bursts were part of her school routine. She changed my entire life. That diversity expanded my sights and encouraged me to seek more. When we moved to Lawrence, Kansas, the neighborhood differences are striking, and that's what I like. I like my friends that work for big companies. They've got interesting ideas, but they're missing some things. I like the arts district over here. I like the thought that the city can support a corridor that someway connects downtown in a way that respects a very important neighborhood's privacy and I hope we can do that, and connects it to investments that the city has already made in housing and professional development in the east side of town. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Dr. Riordan.

Dr. Terry Riordan:

This is an interesting question from a guy that lives on Tennessee Street, an extra fraternity and I had a discussion with the president yesterday. It was very constructive and very cordial. I think one of the things we need to realize is that different parts of the city might have differences in what their needs neighborhoods. I think that's an important concept. They all have the same basic needs. Those basic needs are a safe infrastructure for adults and children that encourages walking, complete streets, safe sidewalks, community areas that encourage visiting neighbors. If you go east of town on Delaware, there's a very nice project over there called Delaware Commons where they have a common area where they all meet. Because really what we grow as a city is because of relationships. Those relationships are important so we need to foster those. We need to be able to walk to school. We need to be able to ride to school. We need to create streets and safety so we can do that. What happens as you walk to school? You meet your neighbor. You find out that they're sick. You see something in the yard that's not cut so you need to say, "What's going on with my neighbor?" Those are important things. You really emphasize the neighborhood associations. As a president of one that we had a controversial situation I found it very important to get a small group of people together, get that information out to others and you can to a lot, safety from crime, strong police, and strong department for the fire department. Public transportation is incredibly important in certain parts of the city, in many parts of the city. Continue CDBG grants with judicious use of these so we help the people that need the best of helping. One last thing is a changing concept of the National Revitalization Act and uses it more for small homes for revitalizing. We have a problem with rentals and we can help solve that problem if we use NRAs. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx: Ms. Larsen?

Lisa Larsen:

Leslie, when I was writing the answers or developing my answer for this question, I realized that I actually described my own neighborhood. I really believe I live in the perfect neighborhood in Lawrence, and what I believe that to be is to start with is a well-funded public neighborhood school. Hillcrest is my neighborhood school. My school was targeted for closure several years ago and it was a very, very concerning time for my neighbors as well as me. It's

important to the future of our neighborhood that our school will be there because to me a school means that your neighborhood has a future and that essentially there's another generation to come along. The other item that I find desirable is that our neighborhood is secure and safe, that we have easy access to police and fire services. I live at 1117 Avalon Road and right now that entire road has been under construction all summer, since June, and they are upgrading all of our water lines. They're adding fire hydrants. The reason they're upgrading everything just because they want to bring everything up to fire code, which makes me feel very secure. I also believe in face-toface relations with the neighbors as well as police so then we're more responsive to each other's needs. I think we need a trust in the predictable zoning and tax code. Property values will be protected in residences especially those in fixed or low incomes will not be taxed out of home ownership. I believe also that neighborhoods need to have a voice in their future. That means a healthy neighborhood association where the collective voice can be heard and respected. I think this bodes to the possibility to look at a different form of governing in Lawrence. An election based on precincts will more likely give neighborhoods an equal voice for their specific needs. I believe a good neighbor has a sense of community; it embraces diversity with a neighborhood in that you know your neighbors, they know you, and you can watch out for each other's back. Essentially, a sense of riposte Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Thank you. Okay. This question will be for Mr. O'Brien and, Commissioner Herbert, it's all yours.

Commissioner Herbert:

This is our lengthiest question of the night, so prepare you. Get comfortable.

Male:

Has my time started yet?

Commissioner Herbert:

Yes. You will be out of time when we get to the end of the question. Two weeks ago the Lawrence City Commission was faced with the decision of whether or not to give the Lawrence Arts Center \$100,000 in transient guest tax funds for the purpose of expanding the Free State Festival. Two commissioners were in favor of full funding and two were opposed. As the fifth member of the commission, you would have been the deciding vote to break that tie. Explain how you would have voted and why.

Joe O'Brien:

First, because unfortunately I was not at the meeting and I don't have the benefit or the insights offered by each of you regarding your thinking, because obviously if we're talking about this in a constructive conversation way, some of my thinking may have been influenced by matters that others might have brought up. Let me put my thoughts in the context of what my thinking might have been prior to entering the meeting. Someone that's fairly intimately involved with initiating building programs that are fueled in part by grant money, I'm aware that the purpose of the NEA funding was twofold. First, to enable the art center to expand the festival from a small film festival to a multidisciplinary community-wide one. Also it was to serve as a seed money to allow the art center to find private support to offset the future loss of the NEA funding. I appreciated the figures that were reported in the request letter. I was surprised that there was no discussion of the more that 20% increase in the festival's budget for the prior year. I would have appreciated also an explanation of certain budget items, particularly ones that so dramatically varied from prior year. For example, what's the basis for expecting \$60,000 generated by ticket sales in 2006 in light of that only \$28,000 were generated in 2015? I think the fact that the art center only envisions generating about 10% more in private sponsorships, suggests that future city's funding not only is essential but likely is to prove costly if projected future busses for the festival continue to grow at more than 20% per year. With that being said, I would have supported about a 10% increase in the city's funding for 2016 with future funding though contingent upon the art center's ability to have raised at least \$143,000 from the private sector and a demonstration of how future fund raising would better meet the rising costs of the festival. Simply put, I would ask the art center to provide the commission with a three to five-year plan for the festival which they'd be able to support with commitments because I do believe the festival illustrates the dynamic nature of the arts community, and the ability of that community to undertake a regional festival I think is important for our city.

Mayor Amyx: Mr. Schauner?

David Schauner: I think the festival essentially a poster child for what happens when you don't have long-term planning. Mayor

Amyx and I served as a committee of two to look at how a

number of social service agencies would be funded. Every year those agencies came to the commission and wanted additional money to fund their program and they were all well-meaning proposals, but unless and until the commission says we're going to have a long-term plan for how we're going to use guest tax money. We're going to have a long term plan about how we're going to have land use decisions made. Until we have a long-term plan about all the things which ultimately become decided on an ad hoc basis, we'll continue to have controversial issues like the funding for the festival consume the time and resources of the community and of staff. I can make a great argument for why 100,000 weren't enough. They should have asked for more. I can make a great argument for why they should have asked for less than \$60,000, but what I can't make an argument for is how the commission can go forward, this commission or any of its predecessors, without having some long-term planning about what the funding requests are likely to be. If there was a long-term plan, you'd have a matrix. How will you evaluate each of the proposals that come forward? How many dollars will it bring to the community? How many more people will stay in a hotel? How many more sales tax dollars will they spend? That planning is essential to helping the commission has a constructive decision and essentially have much of the ground work laid before the matter comes before the city commission. In closing, I would have voted against \$100,000, kept it at 60, simply because there wasn't in place a better matrix decisionmaking model that the commission could use for determining whether the additional money was warranted or not.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Watson.

Karl Watson:

Can you repeat the question? Just kidding. Wow, where to start. Let me start with the answer. I would have voted no for two reasons. I couldn't tell whether there was enough money in the fund to pay for the project. I'd like to think that in the future that would be easier to understand. It's difficult for me to envision trying to make a 40,000-dollar decision without basic information like can I afford it? That's how I felt. That was my personal opinion. I think it's important to separate my personal opinions, especially in the role as a commissioner. The second thing that I would have said and I would have voted no to is that I wasn't able to identify

what the benefits of that \$40,000 were. As a small businessman, that's a decision and I like to have results. I'm going to switch the question and tell you what I think because I don't think the question gives this issue justice.I think this issue is really about who keeps the vision of our city and who takes us forward? From my point of view, this is my individual vision, and I want to separate it from the community's. I'm new to this. My vision is, wow, we've got an opportunity to build on the values and the diversity of this community. We've got an art center that we've invested in, multi-millions of dollars, millions of dollars year after year that's stepped up and brought a great program. Now as a group we tell them no and that disappointments me. We've got to find a way for this community to come together, to have a vision to support a program like that, that ties in with the art district that further ties into East Lawrence. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Dr. Riordan.

Dr. Terry Riordan:

First thing I asked myself was, is this a good organization? What's this organization about? Remember that Ann Evan started this as an outlet for children which affects me in a positive way. This is a natural offshoot to help children and to help adults, but it's a slight variation what their initial function was. There's a nice article in the paper last week about this organization that helps shape our children. It makes it more likely that they will be productive, happy adults. Once again I go back to the ACEs study. I think this is a valid and a good group and one that we should listen to carefully. I will give you my opinion as a citizen because you, as commissioners, have a lot more information than I did sitting back listening to all this, but I looked at it and said, does this satisfy our goals as a city? Does it or does it not? Does it improve the well-being of our citizens? Well, I think the ACEs, tells us that it does and all the children that have been there, my own and other children that I see in the office, say so. Is it open to all the citizens to enjoy? I say yes. Is it being fiscally responsible? I don't know. I wasn't sure of that. I wasn't sure of the information, but I did think because this is a reputable, honest group that a compromise was the best way to go and I think a mixture of support was very reasonable. Sometimes you have to compromise. Sometimes you have to say, boy, I need money for other things and you guys do need money for other things. You can't meet all requirements and I think to

give them partial funding so that it can occur and let them go out and try to get the rest of it was the right thing to do.

Mayor Amyx:

Ms. Larsen.

Lisa Larsen:

First of all Matt, on this issue, I watched originally when it was aired and I do have just a little side note for you, and that is I'm a Douglas County Master Gardner, and your comments regarding flowers, I have a long list of flowers I love, but I have to admit, mums are not one of them, so just so you know. There's no doubt in my mind that the Free State Festival has the ability to be a national signature festival for Lawrence and the city should make every concerted effort to support it. Based on the information that was presented during the meeting, I would have supported the 60,000 vote but not the 100,000-dollar vote. The best option, obviously, would have been to fully fund the festival at the 100,000-dollar level; however, to be a good steward of our taxpayer dollars, I have to ensure that every project that comes before the commission is treated equally and fairly. As we all know, we do not have infinite resources. Trying to fund projects in the middle of a budget cycle complicates matters even more. We should not jeopardize our 2016 reserves. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Morgan.

Scott Morgan:

My answer I need to preface with the fact that I came in and sat out in the lobby halfway through the video that night so I'm sure I missed some information. There were some questions I would want to have had answered, some of which gets into the letter in terms of how you've got a really good festival this year for 330,000, you were losing a 75,000-dollar grant, and you were then increasing it to 400,000. I'm sure that you all got into that, but I needed better direction on why those numbers were the way they were. I say this as a supporter of the art center. All three of my children are graduates, if that's what you call it, of the preschool there, albeit over at the Carnegie Building, but the nature of the letter was a little troubling in terms of the ultimatum; either you fund this or we're canceling the entire thing. I was uncomfortable with that, again, that's just based on what I was reading online before I came. That being said, of course, the vote was 3 to 1; it wasn't 2-2, so I'm not sure I would have been the deciding because it was clear. I know the point. Two people supported the 100 and

two supported the 60 and one was willing to go to the 60 to make it 3 to 1, so there was some support for the festival. When the mayor proposed after everybody made clear there were two distinct camps there, that anyone interested in meeting in the middle, I'm not sure if that was serious proposal or not, but when sitting here that jumped out at me as something that might have been considered and I would have asked more about. I was troubled by the fact it was out of budget. Every time you make a decision, you're making choices between different really good programs and that's why it's important that it be in budget. You may have had to have a one-year cycle where they caught up because they need such a lead time to do what they're trying to do. I was uncomfortable with it, but with my lack of knowledge sitting here and watching it, that was something that jumped out at me as something that might have bridged the gap and move forward. It is important that these things be done within budget whenever possible. I've learned that through the years on the board, because there are no really, really stupid ideas that just come up here begging for money, you're making choices. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Okay. This question is for Mr. Schauner. What single issue that this commission has decided did you disagree with? Why and what would you have done differently if you were a commissioner?

David Schauner:

Well, I'm tempted to say the selection process for the fifth commissioner, but I'm only tempted to say that. I'm not saying that. This commission's not been in office long enough to have faced multiple controversial decisions. In fact, perhaps the most controversial decision is the one I just mentioned. I suggest that the art center vote and discussion was probably the one that certainly of greatest recently, but also is the one that seemed to generate the most public discussion, the most news coverage. I want to go back to what I said in my earlier answer, and that is controversy is the nature of the beast. Much of the controversy that the commission faces when they make ad hoc decisions that are not decisions which are the product of more linear thinking about budgeting, about planning, about land use, I mean, land use is a particularly important one. Horizon 20/20 actually it looks more like Swiss cheese than anything else. It's been exempt; it's been wavered so many times in the past 25 years. That

particular decision, I think, I would have been more in line with saying we don't have enough information about whether 40 is the right number, 60 is the right, or 100 is the right number. You need to come back with better information to help us make an ad hoc decision. I firmly believe that the greatest challenge for this commission or any of its predecessors or any of those that come after will be to try to figure out how to have more longitudinal planning, how to be thinking strategically rather than in an ad hoc fashion. I think when you do that you take a lot of the, we have to make a decision tonight tenseness out of the process and I think you get better decisions.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Watson.

Karl Watson:

Mayor Amyx, I really appreciate this question. It goes to the heart of why I'm here tonight. Two or three months ago a friend of mine asked me a question that started my thought process that ultimately led to tonight. The person was different than I've dealt with often. I've got neighbors that think we spend too much and our property taxes are too high. I have friends that think we should spend more. I talk with both of them and I listen to both of them and I understand both points of view. As a guy from a small town that works hard with a small business that's been in a big company that lives in a diverse community that has a first generation American as a wife, I love those things, I love those differences, and I like to hear them. What my friend asked me, to change things, which he said our budget for this year is going up by \$14 million. I was struck by a couple things. One, surprise, but two, after my surprise left me. I was excited that we have a community that some way can support a 14-million-dollar increase to the budget. That led to my next question. I'm a guy that's worked with budgets. I'm a guy that's used strategy and vision to allocate resources. I'm a guy that converses with the attorneys, with the specialists, with the subject matter experts to make sure that the money is allocated to the vision and the values of the organization. My concern when I think about the \$14 million is after reading a 250page budget repeatedly, I have difficulty understand what the goals of this community are and how they're transmitted into a 14-million-dollar increase in an annual budget. Now I'll also add we've heard tonight, I'm very concerned long-range planning. If we need that kind of increase every year and we build it into our expenses, what does this community look like in five years? Thank you.

Mayor Amyx: Dr. Riordan.

Dr. Terry Riordan: I have one comment before I start, and Karl, that must be a

good friend if he's started you in thinking to do this and

he's still your friend.

Karl Watson: We'll find out.

Dr. Terry Riordan:

We'll find out in a minute. My thought is the bus system because that was a controversial issue where different commissioners had different thoughts. I thought we needed to move on and make a decision and not to waffle and not to set it aside, because this is an important issue for a lot of people. I think we need to create an environment in the city where the city commission says this is such an important issue, we're going to make it a top priority and we're going to make a decision on this. did that I would say, ask these questions. Is it safe, the area that you want to go? I think there were possibilities for that. Does it save gas? I heard and read information from the staff about where to put it and why to put it there and how much gas it would save and how much of the environment it would save. We knew that. Should it be free land or not, well. I think I found that free land is much better than land you pay \$47,000 an acre. I learned that one. Is it a large enough footprint for buses to travel safely and easily? Does it minimize citizen problems that live nearby? Those were the issues that I thought were important. Then there's a commissioner, Stuart Boley, who thought this should be as a destination and I was interested in that. I wanted to know more about that. I would have liked to have asked him questions, why is those so important to you? Why should it be important to the citizens? Do we really need a restroom there? How much would it have cost? I never heard that to put it in. If it didn't cost much, let's put it in. If it cost a lot and they're just there for a few minutes and most people get on a bus have used the restroom before, maybe that's not important. Once again, I'd like to look at goals. How do we readdress this issue? We should reevaluate it and make decisions based on what our knowledge is and what is the benefit for the city.

Lisa Larsen:

The one item that I would have done differently is to pull a change order for the Burcham Park River Trail System Project. This was on the consent agenda, and I would ask that it be set aside for further review. It was voted on, September 22, commissioner's meeting. As a little bit of background, my company bids on approximately 150 projects per year, and sometimes we have to deal with change orders. We maintain a base of about 200 active projects that are in various stages of completion. Because change orders are sometimes a point of contention, it is very important to ensure that the design is correct and the bid is clearly written, to minimize a need for change orders. On this particular project, the original bid was spec-out to include a mix of materials to balance trail surface durability and cost. The staff report for the change order indicated that the change order was needed due to observed wet conditions in 2015, that concrete would provide a better long-range surfacing option. My concerns and questions regarding this change order are how was this project specout? Did the vendor or the city design the project? I ask this because this area of Lawrence is well-known to be in a flood plain. Flood plains can be notoriously unstable and have many periods of dry and flooding conditions. The trail is being built within between 15 and 25 feet of the largest river in Kansas. Were these facts taken into account during the design process? If so, what other information was used to determine that a mix of materials versus all-concrete would be durable on this type of physical setting? The change order price increase is now more than the next low bidder that bid on the original contract. How would this change order impact their pricing? I realize that the contract has already been signed by the City, and these questions were likely addressed during the design and bid phase. For transparency purposes, it would be prudent to provide a full accounting of the process so citizens can trust the process and commissioners can make an informed decision. Now, I realize this is a small dollar amount in the big picture, but if we can't get these small things right, how can they expect us to get the big things right?

Mayor Amyx: Mr. Morgan?

Scott Morgan: It is always tempting, when you are facing the four voters that make up the electorate, to tell you that all your

decisions were wise and wonderful, but that might not be

viewed as too sincere. I do agree that you don't have a wealth of decisions since April to choose from, and it makes sense given the nature of what everyone has been doing through. The one thing that I focused on that I thought that I would have liked to have been part of the discussion. This is, again, based on my reading the tea leaves. I wasn't at this meeting, so you all would know things that I didn't know, but it wasn't even at one of your commission meetings, but it was the study session on the police facility. There seemed to be a split, as reported anyway, between all were supportive of some sort of moving forward with that, two were pretty interested in moving directly forward with it, and two seemed to want to take maybe a step back and try to have community involvement, again. I understood the frustration for the ardent supporters of that because there have been so many studies and so many things done over the five years. There is a wealth of information out there. I am very familiar with that frustration. I have been through many facility studies. You could go through it time and time again, and then new people arrive, and you have to start over, and it gets frustrating, but I would have been part of the ones wanting to take a step back because what I have learned, in Lawrence, is sometimes the guickest route to what you are trying to achieve is not the most direct route. It is better to build community consensus, to step back and try. You don't need a lengthy process, particularly if you have done all the leg work already. It is down there, but you need to go to the community and be able to say, "We heard your concerns. We've altered the plan to reflect those concerns, and we are going forward with Plan B." I think that Plan B is how you often do things in Lawrence. It takes a while, and people want to know that you listened to them and heard them, and I would love to have been part of that discussion. For one, I would be giving you a more informed answer now because I would know really what you guys had said, but the other would be that that would be something that I think would be a good way to get moving on this because the goal is that they need facilities. They are way overdue on that, so that is the one issue that jumped out.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. O'Brien.

Joe O'Brien

Mike, I really appreciated this one, particularly, as Scott mentioned, as curious and closing that you basically were

almost complementing Stuart's question about constructive conversations. Okay, stand up here and take a position that is going to be against one or more other people you potentially might work with. At the risk of maybe ostracizing all of you, and my veterinarian, I would have supported the requirement to include a sprinkler system in all new businesses that house pets during non-business hours, would seriously, though, have considered and grandparent clause that would give existing businesses two or three years to install such a system. In such matters, I would have tended to lean toward the expert in this case, Fire Chief Bradford, who, from what I recommended understand. strongly requiring installation of such systems. In turn, I believe it would qualify the ordinance that might meet one of your concerns, Mike, in that that would only be for businesses that house or kennel pets during the evenings, when people were not present. That might not therefore have to be necessary for those places where you had people present or that were not kenneling people overnight. That would then include groomers. One reason for the grandparent clause, though, is to learn the financial impact on the pet stores, pet groomers, pet kennels and veterinarians, of installing such systems. I certainly would not be averse, then, to revisiting the ordinance if further study of the issue bears out the concern that the financial impact would result in the closure of the stores or clinics. That might help address Matt's concern. At the same time, though, I am fully aware of what it took to get this issue on the commission's agenda in the first place and would not want similar incidents to have to occur, to put the matter in front of the commission again. While I appreciate the action taken by the commission, I am aware of how difficult it is, for animals to respond to a fire alarm when people aren't there. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

That concludes our questions from the commission. The next item that we have available; is it the closing statements at this point?

Toni Wheeler: City Attorney:

If there are any follow-up questions of the Commission, you can do that.

Mayor Amyx: Okay.

Toni Wheeler:

If you could please let the timekeeper let how long you are

City Attorney going to allow for each follow-up question; that would be

helpful.

Mayor Amyx: Okay. I think that follow-up questions, again, are two

minutes. Does that work?

Commissioner Herbert: How many of these are you looking for, Mike? Do you

need to go to work tomorrow?

Mayor Amyx: I can be here all night.

Commissioner Herbert: I will go with you.

Mayor Amyx: I would suggest that we have two each. If we need to keep

going, we will keep going. Okay? Follow-up questions, they can be to the entire group, they can be to a specific candidate, whatever your pleasure may be. Who has a

beginning follow-up question?

Commissioner Herbert: I would love to start. This question is specifically for Scott

Morgan. Scott, on question number four, actually, it is question four in my packet. I don't think that it was actually question four, so let me reread the question. It was what constitutes a desirable healthy neighborhood that you wish to live in? You responded, "We respect that people like to live their life differently." First off, let me tell you, I love that answer. That is terrific, but let me ask a follow-up to that and ask you to get more specific. With that in mind, in the short period of time in which we have been seated here, the three newbies here, if you will, we have dealt with several code enforcement issues. In fact, I would say that we have dealt more with that than any other topic we have had, since April. Some of these issues have involved individuals who have chosen an alternative lifestyle with their property, turning it into a community garden or whatever the case may be. In that you responded, we respect that people like to live their life differently. What

would your view be on strict code enforcement?

Scott Morgan: I think that the important thing is, if you need to modify the

code, you should modify the code to allow people, if you have a belief that people should be able to do whatever they want with their home. I wasn't trying to say that. I know that there are some who would do that. If it's consistent with the neighborhood and the whole neighborhood, neighborhood is a living beast. It is not just

one person, and that is the nature of choosing to make the social contract, as a government teacher, of choosing to live within a community and within a sub-community, is that you choose to abide by certain standards and guidelines. It is a fine line that you have to judge, but if you have a code, you probably should enforce it. If you need to modify the code because it is too harsh, you should modify the code. That is why one of the things that we spend a lot of time on, on the board, trying to get a policy through, in what we were doing, because otherwise it was ad hoc. "We like you; we don't like him," and you made decisions that way. If you needed to change the policy, you would change the policy if something became ... if strict enforcement of it resulted in an inappropriate result. Now, you can be essentially a court of equity, I guess, and make changes in those if there is a strong reason. The bar becomes higher, to make those adjustments, if it is in violation of the code. That doesn't mean that you adhere to it religiously, and with some sort of Stalinist approach. It does mean that you have to reach a higher bar as to why that is acceptable in violation of the code, whether you need to change the code or not.

Mayor Amyx:

Other questions?

Vice Mayor Soden:

This one is for Joe O'Brien. On the question, how do you interpret the results of the election last April? How will that influence your decisions as a commissioner? I took a lot of notes as you know. You got cut off at the end of what you were talking about. You started talking about downtown development, and you were saying that we need to build in, up and out, New Hampshire Street, six-story buildings, developers offer big projects, new look to downtown, and then you got cut off. I didn't know if you were going somewhere with that because it stopped there.

Joe O'Brien:

Right. I think that the options we have as a community, building in, building up and building out, I think, all of us recognize the importance of the long-range planning is that we need to figure out what would then be an appropriate balance among those. Obviously, it seems like, either purposely or not, a decision has been made relative to the downtown to build up. One of the long-term implications, if we are only thinking of that, is, 10 to 20 years out, what could the downtown look like if ultimately we have a situation where it is largely built up along a place on New

Hampshire? Again, as I mentioned, as a developer, if I am looking to do something downtown, my tendency might be to propose a large project if it would seem to be ultimately more profitable to my particular company in the long run. By providing those kind of tax incentives, therefore, are we then encouraging something, and if we are, then I think that then it is appropriate to bring that matter to the public, in saying, "What we now have decided is a policy goal is where we would like to go relative to the downtown." Let's make sure that the community is aware that that is a purposeful decision that has been made. Let's hold a discussion on it, which is something that you have been talking about all evening long, is how to better involve the community, and then let's have the community make some decisions if that is the direction that we wish to go relative to the downtown. That would be my thoughts.

Vice Mayor Soden:

Yeah, I figured that was cut off. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

The question. This is going to be for multiple people. This would be for Mr. Schauner, Mr. Watson and Mr. Morgan. The question has to do with public incentives and the relationship. "Would you be willing as a commissioner to use public incentives to assist in the affordable housing question?" David, you can go first.

David Schauner:

Maybe, I wouldn't rule it out. I think that affordable housing is a misunderstood term. Affordable housing, according to the Department of Labor, is housing that someone can pay no more than 30% of their income for the rent and the utilities. The role of government in providing housing for folks who can ... whose wages permit no more than that expenditure and have safe, clean, livable housing, as part and parcel of our living wage campaign and so forth, I think that we should be looking at a housing trust approach. We have a growing homeless problem in this community. It's, I think, nationwide understood that it is cheaper to house people who have those issues than simply trying to put together a short-term community shelter approach because we haven't really solved anything in the long term by providing short-term overnight stays. We need to find a longer-term solution and affordable housing tax incentives ... By the way, the commission has only a limited number of tools, and tax policy is certainly one of them. If tax policy can be used to promote an agenda which meets those goals of the commission, and affordable housing is one of

them that we have adopted, we ought to look at that as an approach. I certainly wouldn't say absolutely not. I think that it's worth a serious look.

Mayor Amyx: Mr. Watson?

Karl Watson: I am going to repeat and repeat and repeat. If I know the

vision, I can support it. I have a vision that looks something like we have a downtown convention center that supports professional groups that have broad differences of agendas, opinions and ideas, that can come to Lawrence, experience our diverse culture, enjoy it in a small environment, stay in our hotels, buy our products and love downtown Massachusetts like I do. Then they walk down. and they discover the Ninth Street corridor that leads them to our beautiful arts center and a couple of new buildings that don't quite fit in, but it also leads them to potentially a quiet area that respects neighborhood, that leads them further down to the investments that this board has already made in East Lawrence. That affordable housing at the end of that trail, focused on artists and affordable living that supports the diversity of Lawrence, I can get excited about.

Scott Morgan:

The short answer is yes. The one thing that I would absolutely want to do, if I were to get on the commission, is I need to get a comfort level with what the policies really are, for all the various incentives that are in the toolbox there, and how they are utilized. I can't find necessarily the rhyme or reason, but I think that they are useful tools if we understand what we are using them for and when we are not going to use them. As far as for affordable housing, as I mentioned, that is part of the problem I have with the apartment complex across from the stadium and some of the other uses that we have used on the NRA, is that has nothing to do with affordable housing, and if you look at the statute behind ... I looked at what is it that the NRA was supposed to have accomplished, and I have trouble making that fit, especially when our policy says 50% and go to 85%. That NRA is a great tool, but it has to be one that is welcomed by the people where you want to put it. I think that, in those cities where they have neighborhood, and they have buy-in to the neighborhood, and you delineate the geographical boundaries for them, it could be a very useful tool, to maintain. It doesn't get into Section 8 housing or that kind of thing, but it does help homeowners

stay in their home and maintain the value of their home and maintain the value of your modest housing stock, which is so important for affordable housing, again, being lots of different definitions, from the technical on up to what people view as affordable. If you try to layer it in, obviously, I am talking about East 9th Street, if there is pushback from that community, and they are worried about it hurting them, you are not helping them. I think that it is a tool that can be used. Other cities have done it, and I would be very much open to that, but I would like to do it within a context of a review that I understood what our policy was on incentives.

Mayor Amyx:

Other questions? Matthew?

Commissioner Herbert:

This one would be for Dr. Riordan. I think that the one thing that differentiates you from the other five candidates you face this evening is that we have had the opportunity to have five months' worth of forums together, with a good number of us at this table, and I appreciate that, and I certainly respect the effort that you put into that campaign. My question for you would deal with a question. I believe. that was Commissioner Boley's question. What do you think a commissioner can do to encourage constructive conversations on controversial issues? I really liked your answer, first of all, but my specific follow-up question would be, I guess, to address the elephant in the room. That is, given that we spent a good number of months going against one another at forums, campaigning heavily against each other, what assurance could you give this body that you could be a member of this team?

Dr. Terry Riordan:

That is a really good question, and it is one that I ask also. Before I even decided and at that point I had not committed to putting in my name for the application, to see if you would consider, I sat down and talked with a number of people, one of which was Mike Amyx. I said to Mike, "I am thinking about doing this, but I want to know if I would be a welcome addition or a tolerated addition to the City commission since we ran against each other." I would have the same philosophy that I would have, when I was on the Oread Neighborhood Association, and that is that you treat the people with respect. You might have different opinions, but you still value those opinions, and I don't think that anything happened during the election that would change that in me. I think that there are times where you

get frustrated. I think that there is times where you have differences, but there is not times where you hold it against people. That is why I said that you go on. You don't keep score, and I mentioned that earlier. When I was on the commission, we had a very divisive issue, which I will call Rental Protection Program, and that cost me, for a while, a friendship of somebody on the committee, but I thought that was important, and I pushed to have that issue decided. I know what I thought about it, and I thought that we should get it done, just like on the Planning Commission when we came to a point where we needed to pass the 2006 reviews or not. We needed to change things, but if you change things, change them later and make them perfect. It almost cost me that friendship, but because I respected him, and he respected me, over a period of time, we were fine, so my thought is respect that they are and what they think and you can get along. You can value a difference of opinion. We need a difference of opinion.

Mayor Amyx:

Okay. This question will be for Mr. Morgan, Ms. Larsen and Mr. Watson. There is a lot of discussion going on, in Lawrence, Kansas, right now about development in the downtown area, the blocks of downtown. It seems like every project that has come forward has a public incentive package to it. Are you a supporter? Can you explain, do you or do you not support the use of public incentives in our downtown district for new housing, new retail, whatever it may be? Mr. Morgan, you can go first.

Scott Morgan

I am ready to talk. The answer is obvious. The 19-year-old that I talked with this morning said, "Why wouldn't we support turning that vacant lot next to The Eldridge Hotel into some type of attractive property?" Doing that is not going to add any demand on our tax dollars for fire and police and road maintenance. It's just let's get something in, and if we can waive taxes and support that property, to get something on Mass Street, again, I think, it is as simple as my 19-year-old friend that is tired of looking at that clay. I echoed that with other properties downtown. Now, again, have I talked about the importance of vision tonight? I don't remember. Okay. Does it fit? I can't imagine having this beautiful downtown convention center potentially across the street with a great part of downtown anchored by a beautiful ... What did we spend on the library, \$28 million, that's a hub for our public transportation that provides a

gateway into the rest of downtown? Thank you.

Mayor Amyx: Ms. Larsen?

Lisa Larsen: I think that many of the projects that have recently received

incentives had gone way overboard. However, I do think that there are projects that merit it. In the downtown area, I think that The Eldridge project, because it is a historical building, would merit that incentive. However, I think that the amount given was 85%, which is above what is recommended in our economic development documents. I think that it went too far. I would also look at projects that provide that merit and that provide a service. I think that the grocery store issue could be a potential for that. I think that we would need to make sure that projects that are brought forth, that they are sustainable projects. Do they meet that three-tier criteria, and is it balanced in that criteria? If it can meet that three-criteria, and is socially acceptable, then I would back projects of that nature, but within the constraints of the guidelines that we have for

economic development.

Scott Morgan:

Initially, I would again emphasize that I would need an overall review and plan for how we were going to use incentives in general. I think that is critical to how we are going to handle this. I also need to mention that it wasn't \$28 million. It was \$18 million. I love the library, and that included a garage too. I worked a lot on that bond issue, but with regard to downtown, the fact that we have to maintain, that it is the jewel of our community, and we can't just say, "Oh, he likes downtown or whatever." You have got to mean it. You have got to understand it and realize that it is absolutely the heartbeat of what makes us Lawrence, so you have got to figure out what your plan is for that, whether it's a convention center. It's my understanding, in 2020, although with the 15 amendments, I am getting a little lost, but I am glad that it is being revised, and I think that is an important step, to update it. Downtown, there was talk of the need to expand it into Vermont and New Hampshire, but if you have a plan, and you want to implement it, I think, that's great, but whether or not you need to provide incentives for that, I am not convinced of the finances of that. I need to see the "butfor" test of whether or not these things wouldn't happen even without our financing. We need to keep track of the ones that we already have in place and see how much

does it cost us. I understand that it doesn't actually cost us out-of-pocket, but it does cost us in terms of revenues down the way. What we are doing with parking, is that included in what we are? If we are providing incentives, are we making any kind of requirement for parking? I am rambling a bit, but that is because I think that the city is rambling a bit when it comes to incentives, and they seem to be fairly automatic at various amounts, and I would like to get it back into a cohesive tool where we think, yeah, we are willing to do this if you do X, Y and Z, but if you don't, we are not just going to give it to you because we really, really would like your building down here. I think that there is a lot of interest in building down here, with or without our incentives, so I would like us to get a cohesive and logical plan, stick to it, and I would be very hesitant for us to give it to buildings along there that don't provide some other priority that we are trying to meet.

Mayor Amyx: (

Other questions?

Commissioner Herbert:

Mike, can I make one more question? I'm sorry. I'm sorry. Scott, I apologize to you. If you could, come back to that. It's a test in exercise in stamina, really. This question was what can we do as commissioners to ensure that Lawrence remains home to working people of modest means? I believe that it was the first question addressed, and your response, I liked it, of course. I am a public school teacher, and you opened your response by saying, "It all starts with good schools." Bless your heart for saying that. Now I have got to put you on the hot seat for saying that.

Scott Morgan:

I know that there is always a but...

Commissioner Herbert:

You were a member of the school board, I believe, the year before I was hired to Lawrence, and that school board is somewhat infamous in our community for having closed neighborhood schools. Going back to your question about the way to make sure that Lawrence remains home to people of modest means, and your first step is maintaining good schools, could you clarify your decision to close good schools?

Scott Morgan:

I guess that I am privileged that I am infamous. That is a form of notoriety, I guess. The nature of actually having been involved in actually doing things is that you do have a

record, and you do have, in this town, a record of making difficult choices. I was on the school board for eight years, spread over 12 years, and I was president, cleverly, twice after large recessions, after the 9/11 recession and then after the 2007-2008 recession, and we had massive budget cuts and we were deciding how to implement those cuts, and we were having to follow our priorities. That is what I was saying when we were talking about budget goals. We had to decide was it teachers that we wanted to support, or was it buildings? We had 19 elementary schools when I started on the school board in 1999. One of them had about 35 people in it. Three of the ones that I was involved in closing were legacies from the township school days before we had unification in the '60s. I don't think ... The one thing that I think I would point out is that no school board, after I have left and remember, I lost reelections because when I was president, the first time, I was involved in closing three schools. I am Dr. Death when it comes to schools, and it is not a reputation I enjoy. I hate the whole thing, but it was choices that had to be made. There were tough decisions that had to be made. I stand by them because no one has tried to re-open those schools. No one has gone in there and said, "We need to recreate these things." I would argue that the very thing that I did was the compromise we reached on the task force when we did close one more elementary, but then we threw it back to the community, and they came up with a plan that put \$92 million into neighborhood schools. I would say that that would not happened if we had kept all 19 schools open. We were able to afford to recreate and re-anchor these schools because we had a serious discussion and handled it like adults. I don't apologize for it. I think that that is what makes our neighborhood strong, is when leaders are not afraid to say, "This is our choice. We don't have the ability to raise taxes on the school board. We have to find ways to spend our money wisely."

Mayor Amyx:

The next item?

Toni Wheeler: City Attorney

The next item would be the closing statements. Each candidate gets two minutes.

Mayor Amyx:

Okay. I am going to suggest at this point that we do the two-minute closing, and then we are going to break about 20 minutes before we start the public comments section. Okay? I am trying to make friends. Okay. Now I am

messed up. Who did we leave off with?

Toni Wheeler: City Attorney We left off with Mr. Schauner.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Watson? Mr. Watson, we would like to have your closing statement, two minutes.

Karl Watson:

Throughout this, I have really been the luck guy, not getting that first question, so I guess that it all comes back. Doesn't it? It is pretty exciting for me to be included with a group like this. It is pretty exciting for me to talk with a group like you. I'd like to offer up that I could be a great addition to your team that Lawrence needs right now. We are faced with picking the next City Manager. We haven't hardly talked about that. It is probably the biggest subject that we are going to address in the next few months, and, again, I come back to vision. Who is going to be the keeper of the vision for Lawrence? Is it going to be a mayor, is it going to be the commission, is it going to be the city manager? I don't know. I wish I did. I watch potentially every day dozens of effective organizations. and the key thing at the very beginning is that they all have a keeper. That is hard to follow, but let me be specific. Let's talk about the hospital that we have here in town and the great service that it provides to our public. It has a keeper of the vision, Gene Meyer. He has simple goals. It is a top-100 hospital. He communicates with the public. He has a communication plan. He even has a communication team that engages the public in healthy activities. They are ready to outreach through the rec center to build a facility, to increase healthy living. I think that those are all exciting examples, and I think that they represent challenges to this board, and I would like to reassure you that I am a great team player with a strong financial background, a strong vision and the ability to make strategic decisions that this community needs right now. I appreciate the opportunity to express my opinions and talk about myself and to have you listen. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Thank you. Dr. Riordan?

Dr. Terry Riordan:

I put my name forward for this consideration because I heard from many citizens who came up to me and said, "You know you have experience that is something that we need." I didn't like hearing that, but I heard it, and I agreed

with their thoughts. I also think that the committee did a great job, and I commend Joe and the rest of his committee because I think that they have really six good quality people here. I think that each of these six finalists, during an election year, would be great, but this is not an election year. It actually is, but it is after the election, but it is not an election. We have a different need at this time. During the questions last Thursday, the subject came up, when I was one of the six up here, and it said why don't we have what KU has, why isn't our fiber the same as, as good as the City, and I felt like a kid saying, "I know the answer to that one," but I didn't get asked. The answer is that we share fiber with them. They didn't know. The answer is that they finished the final mile. We haven't done the final mile with ours. We want that to be done by a group that does it professionally, not by the City and spend \$5 or \$6 million. It's important to know these things. You need somebody that comes up and knows the issues, and they have been recently here, and they don't have to come up to speed. I was on the commission for two years, and it took me a year to get up to speed. It took me another year to think about doing something, and then I was gone. Experience is important to me. The issues are known to me. There is no significant learning curve here. Therefore, good decisions, I think, can be made. I especially am experienced in land use, being the chairman of the Planning Commission when we adopted all the Planning Commission process that we have now. I agree with the goals that we have for the City and with these commissioners. Thank you.

Lisa Larsen:

First of all, I would like to take this opportunity to thank the commissioners for the ability to participate in this really unique process. I am humbled to find myself in such good company. As much as I would like for you to select me for this job, I will respect your decision, knowing that whoever you choose from this group will be an added asset to this governing body. However, I do believe that you should choose me for the job, and here is why. I have 30 years of experience working within a governing system, first as a state employee and then as a business owner in a highly regulated field. I bring a unique technical skill that I think will benefit the commission's collective discussions and decision-making. As in my business, I can fully appreciate the importance of the trust factor in a relationship between management, staff and commission. My business required

that I cultivate the ability to hear and understand stakeholders' views and to respond to those, very sensitively. I worked effectively with neighbors and businesses whose interests are sometimes in concert and sometimes in conflict. I have a strong background in state government that has helped me understand very complex regulations, contracts and negotiations. My business had yearly revenues in the \$1.6 to \$1.8 million range, and an annual payroll of \$600,000 to \$700,000. I handled our finances as a fiscal conservative. I kept my business solvent, grew it thoughtfully and carefully, and operated within the business's means. I would approach the City budget in exactly this way, as a good steward of taxpayer dollars. It is a privilege to serve one's community, and if I am selected. I will do the best for the citizens of Lawrence and my colleagues on the commission, and I will do so humbly, and with gratitude. Thanks for the opportunity.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Morgan?

Scott Morgan:

Thank you for the opportunity to be part of this process and to be here. I will acknowledge that I have told more than a few people that I feel like I am in a reality show, and every night I am trying to decide if I get a rose and whether I should get excited. You have a difficult choice ahead of you. You have six very good candidates, and it is your job to figure out who is the right fit for you as a commission and who is the right fit for us as a community. You have an important decision. You know that, but it came home to me, very strongly, when I was going through the minutes and records, trying to prepare for this evening. I came across the minutes from April, your first meeting, and one of the commissioners had this quote: "We must all commit to working together and building trust with our community, and also with each other. This year will be a year that will be dedicated to transparency, openness and authenticity." That commissioner, of course, is not here any longer. In fact, he is the reason we all are here. Words are important, words matter, but ultimately we are judged by who we are, what we have done and what we do. My wife and I moved here in 1988. We raised our three children here. We had started a business in 1990 and spent 17 years building that business. I have worked at the federal level, I have worked at the state level, and I have worked at the local level, and I would say that I have been vetted by the public arena for the last 25 years. I spent eight years on a school board

during some highly controversial times and had to make some really remarkable, tough choices, and it was ... That is where you learn what being on that side is like, is going through extended periods of getting people angry at you and realizing that you have to have thick skin, you have to have a sense of humor, and you had better not get your back up because these people have every right to be there and to be upset, and you need to engage them in that conversation and celebrate the fact that this community is as involved as it is. City government is complex, but what is really complex is this community. This community is hurting right now. We have lost our City manager. We have lost our mayor. I think that the community is ready to get back to work, and I know that this commission is ready to get back to governing, and I would like to be part of that. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. O'Brien.

Joe O'Brien:

Again, like all my colleagues, I greatly appreciate this opportunity, to have spent this time with all of you and with members of the community. I come up here unprepared for any kind of final remarks because I believe that you probably have enough information to be able to make some judgments about us, but I do have one or two closing comments. That largely is that I was impressed about 20 years ago, when I stumbled across Horizon 2020 because I saw a plan for a future. I was equally impressed as I became re-involved in looking at that document for the update and in seeing what was done last spring, and I believe that there already has been a lot of good effort put into trying to chart a long-range vision for this community. I regret that you as commissioners have had to deal with what you have had to deal with, that have not enabled you to act on the good work of the community that helped to put that policy statement together. I look forward to you all and whoever is fortunate enough to be chosen, to help you figure out how best to be able to act on the vision, that shared vision that we all have for our community. Thank you very much.

Mayor Amyx:

Mr. Schauner?

David Schauner:

I can't believe I get the last word. I was going to propose that we have four-month terms, the six of us, with each being able to serve a part of the remainder. Frankly, as I have listened to everybody, every time we get together, I am more impressed with the people that I am listening to. This is a great group of folks, and I am glad that I am not going to have to make a decision. In fact, if I had a vote, I am not sure who I would vote for. I might not vote for me, but what I can tell you is that, for the last 35 years, I have made decisions on a regular basis that affect the lives of about 40,000 people, people who teach in the State of Kansas. I have been the general counsel for the Kansas NEA for 35 years, made decisions on a daily basis, which are complex and affect the lives and livelihoods and rights of all those individuals who teach all the kids in this state. I have also served for four years on the Commission. Dr. Riordan had it exactly right. The first year, you are looking around, going, "Now, how do I turn on the microphone?" and the second year, you are a bit more comfortable, and then, if you are fortunate enough, you serve another year or two. I don't think that this commission and this conversation had taken enough account of the value of the staff that does the work for this City. The City commission has the easy job. They get to make broad policy decisions that have to be implemented by the staff. It is important to have quality people making those policy decisions, but you need to have people on the commission who recognize that they are not the most important ingredient in this stew. They need to listen to the staff, listen to the public, and make an informed and independent decision. I believe that I am an independent decision ... thinker and analyst, and I have made my living for the past 35 years asking the hard questions. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx:

Thank you to all the candidates tonight. The effort, the thought and your answers, coming from your heart, we really appreciate that. Don't go away. We are going to take a short break, 15 to 20 minutes, and we will come back. We will begin the public comments section of our meeting. Get up, move around, stretch, and we will be back in about 20 minutes. Okay? Thank you.

2. PUBLIC COMMENT:

Mayor Amyx:

Okay. We are going to go ahead and begin the next part of our meeting. The next item on the agenda is general public comment, general public comment about the matter that is at hand. What I would like for you to do is, if you would love to get up and support your candidate of choice, you can talk about the process, if you want, but I would appreciate that we talk in positive tones about the folks that have come forward tonight, and I think that that will work. You will be given five minutes. Hold on, just a minute, Dan. Your comments will be limited to five minutes. Please sign in, and we will recognize you as you come forward. Dan, you are first.

Dan Dannenberg:

First of all, I would like to say that this is a travesty. This meeting started at 5:45 and now, here it is, it is 8:30, and we are just getting to the public comment. I mean eight questions, are you kidding? We could have done this in probably half the time, even with this many candidates. You wonder why people don't want to get involved in government. This is a very good example. The person I would support out of these unqualified individuals is probably David Schauner, even though he is hobbled by the fact that he is an attorney. I have to say a negative comment, and I have a right to do that. My negative comment concerns Dr. Riordan. A month or so ... a few months ago, I came up here and ranted a complaint. Dr. Riordan, sitting in right that chair, right there, shouted me down. Now, he is not qualified to be a part of this arrangement we have here. We could talk about walking the dog, but we will leave that one out. My father froze his behind and nearly lost his mind at the Battle of the Bulge. I have college classmates that got their lives ended in the jungles of Vietnam. No politician at the local level, or any level, has the right to tell me to shut up. I have a right to complain, and I don't think he is qualified. The other thing is, oh, gosh, there are so many, I don't know where to start. This whole process is a failure. The thing we need to do is to make sure, when we get a new commissioner, that the commission becomes a government of the people, by the people and for the people, and not a government of developer landlords, by developer landlords, and for developer landlords because that is what we have now. My neighborhood is insecure because of the rental properties. Now, there have been some changes, but they are not enough, and we need to have a public utility regulation of rental properties in this city because this doesn't work. The staff doesn't work either because they are part of the ... What should I call them, the consiguary? The landlords, the developers and their lawyers who are actually running the show? I think that we need to do something different about that, and I hope, if Mr. Schauner is chosen, that he

will take that tack and do something about that. By the way, Commissioner Herbert, the last time I saw that style of dress, George Raft was playing a mobster in a movie.

Male: Sir, that was uncalled for.

Dan Dannenberg: Yes, it was.

Frank Janzen: My name is Frank Janzen, East Lawrence. I live a five-

minute walk from downtown. I think that this event tonight was wonderful. I think that the staff is doing a great job, and I think that these guys are really qualified. Anyone

would be qualified.

Male: Thank you very much.

Frank Janzen: Yeah, you're welcome. I submit a point of order. The paper

we referred to tonight, you are going to choose either one or two. If you choose one, that sounds like it's it, but are you going to go two or three, or can you explain exactly what you expect to do tonight? Choosing one or two or

three or...

Mike Amyx: I will explain that a little more.

Frank Janzen: Okay.

Mike Amyx: Actually, what is going to happen, so everybody knows,

upon completion of public comment, there is going to be a ballot, if you will, presented to the commissioners. Okay? They will vote for their top three. Now, this is all public record. Okay? We are going to have discussion in a little while, and we will be naming who our top three are. Okay? So everybody knows. Anybody who wants copies of these, you can request these through City Manager's office, City Attorney's office, and you can get all the copies you would like, but that's how it's going to work. Each one of us will vote for three. My goal would be, through the discussions, that we refer two to next week's meeting. Okay? Two people, not two votes. Okay? That is my recommendation. Don't go away, Frank. We will be discussing that. Okay?

Frank Janzen: I will stay around.

Mike Amyx: Thanks. David? How are you, sir?

David Ambler: Fine, thanks. I am David Ambler. I live at 5913 Longleaf

Drive. I would like to speak about one candidate, although

I would like to say that I think that you have a whole slate of very qualified candidates, and I don't envy you the decision you will have to make. Thirty-seven years ago, or thirty-eight years ago, when I came to KU, I met a young student by the name of Scott Morgan, who was serving in the student senate. I was impressed with his maturity and his well-developed leadership skills at that point in his life, in his career. I have known him ever since, and particularly since he and his wife returned to Lawrence. My initial impressions of him have not diminished at all. Indeed, they have been increased. I would like outline a few of what I think are Scott's skills and qualifications that would make him an excellent City Commissioner. First of all, he is a very intelligent and a very knowledgeable young person, and he understands government processes and operations at the local, state and national level with the career he has had. Secondly, he is a man of great integrity. I think that his integrity is above reproach. Anyone who has worked or has known Scott knows that what you see is what you get, with Scott. Thirdly, he is an extremely honest and very objective individual. He is very, however, sensitive to differences in opinions and differences in perspective, and he respects those because one of his other great skills is his ability to be a very good listener. He is, however, quite willing to make very difficult and unpopular decisions, as his time on the school board would illustrate. He has no agenda of his own other than to serve the community and do what is best for the community of Lawrence. Finally, if you know Scott, you know that one of his great traits is his wonderful sense of humor that helps keep things in perspective and keeps us from getting far, far too serious. After having observed politics at the university, including student politics that Scott was involved in, in 38 years of observing politics, here, in the City, I think that Scott's initial experiences at the University as a student senator will serve him well as a City Commissioner. Thank you very much.

Mike Amyx:

Other public comment?

Ken Easthouse:

Good afternoon, commissioners. I am Ken Easthouse. I was one of the six eliminated. Sometimes I wish that it would have been bumped up to seven. Maybe I would have been able to join you fine fellows up here, and Lisa. I'm sorry. I don't think that anyone could possibly follow things as closely as those of us who have been part of this

process have, through the entire part. I have read numerous things, probably did more Google searches for all of the other candidates than is healthy for a single human being to possibly do. Because of the entire process, I have read opinions from everyone. I have interacted with you guys outside, in the hall. Yes, I was testing you. I don't think there is a better choice from my perspective than Mr. Joe O'Brien. I think that he is approachable. I think that he is open to different perspectives. I think that he comes in with an open mind to any sort of discussion, and I think that he has the ability to bring people who don't necessarily see eye-to-eye together. That, I think, is what is sorely missing, I think, that individual who is the glue, who can bring everyone not even necessarily to agreement, but to a consensus that it's the best that we can all get together. Joe, I want to say that I do publicly support you. I wish that I could have been up here with you guys, but I support you. Finally, anyone here would do well, anyone. That being said, as an election official, I have to note that elections matter. Dr. Riordan and Mr. Schauner, I agree with a lot of what both of you say. I like a lot of your policy positions on a lot of different things, but ultimately elections matter. The people have spoken in the last elections both of you were in. No.

Mayor Amyx: Ken can you visit with us.

Ken Easthouse: I will.

Mayor Amyx: Thank you.

Ken Easthouse: Oh, now?

Mayor Amyx Yeah, yeah.

Commissioner Herbert: Just saying, could you keep your comments on the

subject?

Mayor Amyx: Keep your comments this way.

Ken Easthouse: Yeah. I address your comments this way, and I just want to

remind everyone that elections do matter. Anyone who is in their last election for City commission who has lost, I think, it would send a horrible precedent to the City and the community of Lawrence that you are willing to ignore what the City has already voted on. In those regards, good luck.

I don't envy your position tonight in choosing the next commissioner to sit with you. Thank you.

Mike Amyx: Other public comment?

Ted Boyle:

Good evening, Mr. Mayor, Vice Mayor, Commissioners. I agree with the last speaker that elections are very important, but here is the deal. This last election, there was only 16% of the registered voters that voted in this last election, and there is approximately about 64,000 registered voters in North Lawrence, I mean in Lawrence, and probably most of them are in North Lawrence. When only 16% turns out to vote, out of 64,000 registered voters, what kind of message does that send? To me, it makes me feel embarrassed of the City of Lawrence, Kansas, that the people that are registered voters ... Now, it's one thing not to be a registered voter and don't vote, but to be a registered voter and don't vote? That's twice as bad, and, yeah, elections are very important, but apparently they weren't important enough to the 84% of the registered voters, to get out and vote. That being said, this last election was ... and really, for years before that, we haven't had a good voter turnout in probably a decade or two. How are you going to motivate as a governing body of the City of Lawrence, to get people out to vote? If Rock Chalk Park couldn't get people out to vote, what the heck would? Burn down City Hall or something? Would that do it? That being said, I want to tell you, I know a couple of these people up here, and I respect them all, but I have to say that Dr. Riordan has the experience that some of the others don't because he has been on the Planning Commission, and he has also been a City Commissioner. He works well with people and the City of Lawrence, and works well with North Lawrence, and he has had to make, like all of you will have to make, some bad decisions in the future that the public is not going to like. You are going to have to have a thick skin, and you are going to have to have a sense of humor, or you are going to pull all your hair out. On that note, I highly recommend the doctor. Thank you.

Mayor Amyx: Other public comment? Yes, ma'am. Good evening.

Sarah Taliaferro:

I am actually here on behalf of Justice Matters tonight.

First of all, I would like to thank you so much for all the questions that you asked, and the follow-up questions. You

brought up several of our concerns, as did the candidates

in their discussions of those concerns, especially that of affordable housing. I think that you got some good answers of the people who would be well-equipped to make strategic decisions, to support that as a goal, of creating, maintaining and expanding in our community.

Thank you.

Mayor Amyx: Other public comment? Anyone else? Okay. I entertain a

motion to close the public portion.

Moved by Commissioner Herbert, seconded by Vice Mayor Soden, to close the public comment portion. Motion carried unanimously.

3. Discuss candidates and narrow the field to one or two candidates.

Mayor Amyx: Before we begin, again, thank you to all the candidates. As

I said a minute ago, my suggestion to the commission ... and I think that we need to have this discussion, is it appropriate, and would it is the feeling of the commission to recommend that two people move forward to Tuesday

night's meeting?

Commissioner Boley: Yes.

Vice Mayor Soden: Sure.

Commissioner Herbert: I would be comfortable with either direction.

Mayor Amyx: Okay. A stronger feeling one way or another?

Vice Mayor Soden: I don't have any strong feeling there.

Mayor Amyx: Okay.

Commissioner Herbert: I guess my only question would be, should we choose to

move forward with two, what would our procedure be, on

Tuesday, to narrow it to one?

Mayor Amyx: We will open nominations at that point in discussion.

Commissioner Herbert: Okay. There wouldn't be any further program activity?

Mayor Amyx: No, I think that we beat them up pretty good. A lot of thank-

you's there, but that would generally be the plan, would be to open it up to nominations, and move ahead under those directions. We are allowed to do that, right? I haven't

visited with you about that part yet.

Toni Wheeler: The code says that the remaining four commissioners

City Attorney must elect the person by a majority vote.

Mayor Amyx: Okay.

Toni Wheeler: That would be the appropriate steps to take on Tuesday.

City Attorney

Mayor Amyx: There we go. Okay.

Commissioner Herbert: I know that we are going to be casting ballots. Would it be

reasonable to take a look at our ballots before deciding

that?

Mayor Amyx: Sure.

Commissioner Herbert: In that, if there is a clear top choice, perhaps further

deliberation perhaps may be unnecessary.

Mayor Amyx: Could be. The ballot that you have before you was three

places. I would ask you to cast your ballot, your top votegetter, as number one. It gets three points, second place, two points, and third place, one. The top two, you will sign that ballot, and, again, it is a public record. I visited with the City Attorney this afternoon. We had talked about explaining, or actually telling the people that we voted for

so that there is no question. Correct?

Toni Wheeler: Correct. We want to make sure that the people watching at

City Attorney home have the opportunity to hear how you voted as well.

Mayor Amyx: This meets all, I guess, the requirements for Kansas Open

Meeting, is that correct? Open record stuff?

Toni Wheeler: Correct.

City Attorney

Mayor Amyx: Okay. That is how it works.

Commissioner Herbert: Sounds good to me.

Mayor Amyx: Okay. You were suggesting that ... ? I'm sorry.

Commissioner Herbert: Just a suggestion might be to ... I am uncomfortable with

my own suggestion here because I realize that it has the appearance of perhaps changing the rules mid-game, but

to look at the ballots after they're cast, if we have a clear separation between first and second, as in a world where all four of us, for instance, nominate the same individual as our top choice. I don't know that there is a lot of good in bringing two back if we all four have the same top choice. I don't necessarily think that will happen, but should that happen, is there a need to bring back two?

Mayor Amyx: We have even gone so far that in the event of a tie, you

have got a runoff ballot just in case. Not bad.

Commissioner Herbert: Hey, Mike, you did a lot of work for this.

Mayor Amyx: No, this one came from Toni. I have got to give credit

where credit is due. Just in case. No, that is the goal. One of the things that we could do, and that I would suggest, is that we do have general discussion at this time. We are probably going to find out there may be, or maybe not, a difference in opinion of what that top vote-getter ... who it may be. We can cast, I suppose, as many ballots as we need to, but I would think that there is probably going to be maybe some agreement, but probably some

disagreement. I will open it up. Anything to say?

Commissioner Herbert: Do you want us to talk before we vote?

Mayor Amyx: Let's just talk. Go ahead.

Commissioner Herbert: One of the things ... I will open it up a little bit lighthearted,

I guess, and then get into my serious thing because that is what I do. I was talking to my wife before we came here, and she reminded me on the way out the door that my directive this evening should be to vote for the individual who is clearly the weakest, joking that obviously, Mike, you and I are going to have to run against this individual in two years. To my disappointment, I arrived here tonight to find out that all six of them are going to beat me in two years. I think that we have an opportunity tonight to choose somebody out of a group that is incredibly qualified. I would disagree with Mr. Dannenberg's comments. declaring you all unqualified. I strongly disagree with that. I have had the opportunity to know some of you for quite some time, and those of you that I haven't know for quite some time, I have read every word of your application. My wife and I sat here on Thursday night and listened to every word ... Or, when we did the narrowing down to six, we

listened to every word of your answer, and, I will tell you, I am truly impressed with everything that you have to say, and I think that we are going to pick a strong fifth voice out of this group. One of the things I look for tonight, knowing that, coming in tonight, knowing that we have six candidates, and five of them are not going to be weak. There is not going to be a clear winner. As I look for the degree to which they want this job, the one question I keep getting asked, and Stuart and Leslie, you might be the same, people keep saying, "Are you glad you did it?" People keep asking me that, and I think that is a real serious question. One of the things I looked for tonight, in their answers, are these people that actually want to do this? Now, obviously, they do. They applied. There is not one of them running for the door right now. Right? But, in their answers, there were some answers that to me they were good answers, but they felt very ... I went home last night, and I typed this up because this is what I should say because it will impress the commissioners. There were others that I thought were jumping out of their seat at the opportunity to say the things they got to say, and in some cases, literally, jumping out of their seat. I thought that Joe was coming after us. I was calling for security. To me that is one thing that I loved about Joe O'Brien, this evening, was the passion that he brought. Listening to his responses, this is the guy that wants to be part of this body, very badly. This is a guy who cares, very deeply, about his community, and this is a guy who ... He may have typed up his responses ahead of time. I don't know, but I felt ... If this is a thing you can actually objectively monitor, I felt like what he was saying came from his heart, and I felt like that passion that he brought here tonight, he would bring up here, in the future, so I don't know where you would put him on your ballot, but I know that Joe O'Brien will be on my ballot.

Mayor Amyx:

Others?

Vice Mayor Soden:

One of the things that I was considering is a lot of what we do is value judgments, and I think that a couple of people said that. There is competing values that we are constantly working with every week, and there is no right or wrong. There are competing values, and it is which to you a stronger decision is. You have to choose that value that you are going to uphold over another value. To me, it was a matter of going through the applications, and I did watch

the four hours streaming, live, and then tonight is which of these people seem to share the same core values because to me, hopefully, that will inform their decision-making. What you say up there, with limited amount of information, and what you might say up here, with a tremendous amount of information, are different things, but it is that core value that I am looking at. My decisions are all based on that, which I struggled ... I had a top four, so getting it down to three was a little difficult, but I feel like I have my choices, and that is what I based them on.

Commissioner Boley:

Okay. I want to say thank you to you all. You have stepped forward to serve your community, and you have made yourselves available, and put yourselves out there. That's tough. There are folks who say that this all a sham that we already know who we are going to pick. There couldn't be anything further from the truth. I think that the mayor will bear witness to that. What you are doing is trying to complete us. The task is to represent the people of Lawrence, and we have to look at six very qualified people and say not what's good about you but also what do we need to be a complete commission. That's tough. One thing I would say is that I have been very impressed with Lisa Larsen. I think that scientists are under-represented on this commission, and I admire your business, your experience, and I really appreciate everybody, but I think that Lisa is my top.

Mayor Amyx:

This is like the toughest spot around. You have to remember that two of these people that I have the great fortune of being able to serve with, over a couple ... two terms, one term or whatever it was, but in a lot of cases I know that there were times that it felt like a lifetime. Sometimes I could be a thorn in your tails, and sometimes we disagree, as David brought up, but it is hard because there did become friendships that happen. Sometimes it is hard to talk when you have friends in the room, especially when you are talking about them, and all the fun stuff that goes on there, but one of the things that I have been given the opportunity to do is being able to be part of a selection committee that is going to make a decision about who we move to be a part of this body, next Tuesday night. A couple of things that I probably looked at were that there was experience. I did look at that, and I appreciated the work done by any of the incumbents, from both this body and the school board. We saw some of that as being

important, but one of the things that I look at, and maybe even a little bit more important, is one of the things that we hear so much about, is the expenditure of dollars and how we are tasked with spending dollars. I appreciate all the comments from the question that Commissioner Herbert asked, about the \$100,000, and I do appreciate the comments that you all had, regarding that item, whether it would be yes or no, and whether you are going to support \$60,000 or \$100,000 or whatever it was going to be. I do appreciate your comments there, but one of the things that we do have, coming forward, and something that is important to me, is business experience. Call it what it is. I am a small business person. I own a business, and I know that one of the things that I look at is how important is that in this decision. To me, it is extremely important. I look at three people that ... four people, I think, in this case, that are business owners. I look at Mr. Watson. Dr. Riordan, I know that you own your practice, and I know that there is a lot of business there, Lisa, the work with your company, and Scott, obviously, your company. One of the things that we do have is that we have an extremely tough decision coming up, and I know that you folks have been involved with a lot of the hiring experience. God, obviously, as I read your deal, your application, I realized that you were involved with superintendent hires. Lisa, I know that you hire people all the time. Terry, I am sure that you are looking for partners from time to time. Karl, you are obviously filling engineering slots. I am sitting here thinking that now I have got it from six to maybe two, or six to four, so now I am saying, okay, where I go from here. There is another thing that probably moves an individual to the top for me, and it is because we may share ... We have completely different businesses, but we share something that was brought up tonight. We share the same neighborhood, and a neighborhood that is extremely important to this community, and that is our downtown. Mr. Watson, I think, brings something forward, as I see it, to this commission, as another, what I would see as a supporter of downtown, as being somebody there. Now, that is not to say that I am taking away from anyone else because I know that we are more than capable. We have more than capable people to take care of it, but at this point, what we have, for me as I look at one who can represent the... as my number one pick, as my number one pick, the things that I would share, and I believe that a majority of that voting public would share, would be Mr.

Watson. That would be my number one. Now, I want you to know, whoever we decide from this group, one of these people in this group right here is going to be the next commissioner. I am convinced of that. I will work hard with all of them, or any one of them. That is where we are right

now. Okay?

Vice Mayor Soden: I guess I didn't say my top pick.

Mayor Amyx: No.

Vice Mayor Soden: Sorry.

Commissioner Herbert: We all showed our cards.

Vice Mayor Soden: I guess this is Part B. As I said, I was looking for the similar

values. I think that a lot of people actually had really good experience, good government experience, a lot of good small business experience that you were talking about. I think that diversity is really important. All those things

together, Lisa Larsen is on my list.

Mayor Amyx: Okay. Another thing that was brought up a lot by these

candidates also, and I think that we heard it a lot, and it is something that we are going to be hearing a lot over the next several years, and it is more a strategic planning process ... I never heard so much talk about planning and the need for more planning, and there was a number of people that ... Here, again, there is not a whole lot of difference between one and number two, and either one can do the job, and we are going to get into that situation a little bit, but I don't know. Good lord, this is the toughest thing that I have done, lately. Anyway, we are at a point that I guess we could ... I don't know how much more

discussion you want. We could take a first ballot.

Commissioner Herbert: Yeah, my whole thought with possibly narrowing it down to

the chosen one tonight was on the pie-in-the-sky notion that somehow we might all open our mouths, and the same name would come out, which clearly did not happen.

Mayor Amyx: Right.

Commissioner Herbert: Having seen that not happen, I would say that we should

move forward with our plan to nominate two before

Tuesday.

Mayor Amyx: Yeah, I think, that one would be an obvious choice to move

to. I wanted to say, I don't know, slot number two, with two points each, if number two gets four, or gets all four votes,

that person is in the number one slot.

Commissioner Herbert: Yeah. That is how life goes sometimes.

Mayor Amyx: That is how life is. I want everybody to know that. I ran for

office, wanting to be third on everybody's ballot.

Sometimes it works.

Commissioner Herbert: Could I say something real quick?

Mayor Amyx: Sure.

Commissioner Herbert: This is not in any way to try to persuade any of you

because this is a compliment to all of them, I believe, but tonight I walked in feeling like I was interviewing them, feeling like somehow I might have a higher standing in the world, and then we got to the question, "What do you think a commissioner can do to encourage constructive conversations on controversial issues?" and I listened as six people taught me a very important lesson. I leave here feeling like I am going to be better at this job, going forth,

because of what six people said. I don't know.

Commissioner Boley: That was my question.

Commissioner Herbert: Yeah, but you didn't ... All right, I have already failed to be

a teammate, but there were a couple of things I want to repeat, and I hope that I don't misquote anybody here, but Scott Morgan points out that you never question the motives of another commissioner. It reminds me of a conversation that I had. I have a lot of conversations with Mike after meetings are over, and I don't know if you realize this or not, but you have a pretty big influence in my life, and he pulled me aside one night after a meeting, and he said, "We are not taking this to our grave. At the end of

the day, no matter how you vote ... "

Mayor Amyx: I didn't say that very loudly.

Commissioner Herbert: Yeah, you said, "At the end of the day, no matter how we

vote, we are going to be friends." When I heard Scott, "You never question the motives of another commissioner," it was an ah-ha moment, and I appreciate you saying that,

and that is a very wise thing for you to say. Joe O'Brien's quote: "Deliberation is necessary, and it is good," that those conversations, it is not a moment of conflict. It's a moment of hoping for a more positive outcome. David Schauner, "The more conversation you have, the better." These are all comments that I heard on that question, and I want you to know that I felt like, on that one, you all were the expert, and I was certainly the novice, so I heard what you said, and I hope to grow as a commissioner myself from your comments on that.

Vice Mayor Soden:

Yeah, I was taking all these notes because to me this was an opportunity to get six people's ideas on all of these things. Obviously, we don't have the whole future mapped out for us, so the more ideas we get, I've got them captured. I will hold on to this. Thank you. I am going to steal your ideas, but I will give credit when I do.

Mayor Amyx: It is true that you all have made us better commissioners,

and we appreciate that. Okay.

Commissioner Herbert: Ready for the first ballot?

Mayor Amyx: First ballot and we will vote for all three at this point. Okay?

Vice Mayor Soden: Give them to you or Toni?

Mayor Amyx: You can give them to me, real guick. I am going to

recommend that the Vice Mayor sit in on the tabulation, if that's okay, if you gentlemen will agree. Fair enough?

Leslie, are you willing to sit in on that?

Vice Mayor Soden: I would love to sit in on that.

Mayor Amyx: Okay? The top two on the ballots cast ... Do we give the

number of points, Toni?

Toni Wheeler:

City Attorney

It's up to you. That can be public, actually.

Mayor Amyx: Then its public now, Lisa Larsen with eight and Scott

Morgan with five. At this time, I would ask each commissioner to read from their ballot. I will go first. That will be fine. Number one, Karl Watson; number two, Scott

Morgan; number three, Lisa Larsen. Vice Mayor?

Vice Mayor Soden: I have number one, Lisa Larsen; number two, David

Schauner; number three, Joe O'Brien.

Commissioner Boley: I had number one, Lisa Larsen; number two, David

Schauner; number three, Scott Morgan.

Commissioner Herbert: I had number one, Joe O'Brien; number two, Scott Morgan;

number three, Lisa Larsen.

Mayor Amyx: If I could have these ballots back so that they are a part of

and available to the public upon request so they are not in my hands anymore. On Tuesday night, we will direct staff to add the names of Lisa Larsen and Scott Morgan as the two finalists for consideration to fill the vacancy that was created recently, and we will have final decision that night through the nominating process and regular public vote that we have. Ladies and gentlemen, congratulations to all of you. Lawrence is truly a better community tonight. I believe this from the work that you have all put into this. I can't thank you enough for your willingness to step up. This is incredible. The 14 people that we had, that started this process, have meant a lot. Sometimes I was thinking about what I would say because the tough part is saying good-bye to four friends, but realizing too that a lot of times this is not a situation of ... This is only the beginning of your career. Sometimes this is not yet, as to where we are in this, and not yet means I have got more people to appointment to boards. I would encourage any of you who wish to participate, in this great building and in this great community, to continue. Please contact me or other commissioners, fill out the applications, and we will get you involved, but this has been a great exchange of ideas, and I want to thank you all very much. We look forward to seeing the two finalists on Tuesday evening, 5:45. Okay? Any other questions or comments?

Any other questions or comments?

Vice Mayor Soden: I do have a comment. I don't know if anyone remembers,

but I actually lost my first election by 95 votes. I came in fourth place, so this is not defeat. This is definitely not

defeat. This is one step in the next direction.

Mayor Amyx: Commissioner Herbert brought up something a minute ago

about how much you want to do this. Okay? I get asked a lot of times, "Do you still like doing this?" I love doing this job, and as I said, sometimes there are friends involved, and I want everybody to understand that there is nothing

personal to this. I appreciate all the work that you all have done. Thank you all. Gentlemen, do you have anything? I would entertain a motion to adjourn.

Moved by Vice Mayor Soden, seconded by Commissioner Herbert, to adjourn at 9:17. Motion carried unanimously.

MINUTES APPROVED BY THE CITY COMMISSION ON DECEMBER 15, 2015.

Brandon McGuire, Acting City Clerk