SECTION 1300 - ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVEMENT

- 1301 <u>SCOPE.</u> This section covers asphaltic concrete (AC) pavement for roadways and parking areas.
- 1302 <u>GENERAL.</u> Pavement shall be constructed to the lines, grades, dimensions, and details as shown on the plans. Allowable mixes for AC pavements shall conform to the specifications of the Kansas City Metropolitan Materials Board (KCMMB). Information is available on the website <u>www.kcmmb.org</u>. The following shall be utilized for AC mix type guidance unless otherwise specified or approved by the Engineer:
 - KCMMB A1 Surface Course for Residential, Collector, and Arterial streets. For use in Surface Overlay and Surface Patching. Optional for use in Leveling Course.
 - KCMMB A2 Intermediate Course for Residential, Collector, and Arterial streets. For use in Leveling Course. Optional for use in the First Lift of Base Course in all cases. Optional for use in all Surface Patching and Full Depth Patching lifts.
 - KCMMB A3 Base Course for Residential, Collector, and Arterial streets. For use in Full Depth Patching Base Course and Full Depth Patching Intermediate Course lifts up to four (4) inches below pavement surface grade. Optional for use in the First Lift of Intermediate Course for Arterial streets.

Materials.

- A. All asphaltic concrete materials shall conform to the specifications of the Kansas City Metropolitan Materials Board (KCMMB). Information is available on the website <u>www.kcmmb.org</u>.
- B. Tack oil shall be SS-1, SS-1H, CSS-1 or CSS-1H grade oil. Alternative materials must be submitted for approval by the Engineer prior to submitting a bid on a project. Certification shall be submitted to Engineer.
- 1303 <u>SUBGRADE PREPARATION.</u> Subgrade preparation for pavement shall be as specified in Section 1200 *Subgrade Preparation*.
- 1304 <u>TRANSPORTATION OF MIX.</u> The mix shall be transported to the jobsite in vehicles cleaned of all foreign material including asphalt left from previous loads. The inside of the truck beds shall be lubricated with a thin non-petroleum based oil to prevent the mix from adhering to the bed, but an excess of lubricant will not be permitted. Vehicles shall be provided with covers of sufficient size and design to protect the load and to prevent cooling of the mix during transportation to the site. The Contractor shall

provide a sufficient number of haul vehicles of the proper size, speed, and condition to ensure an orderly and continuous nonstop paving operation. Contractor must have a minimum of 3 loaded trucks onsite before paving will be allowed to commence.

No diesel or petroleum base solvents will be permitted on tools or on equipment that comes in contact with asphalt, or to clean equipment on the job site.

1305 <u>PLACING REQUIREMENTS.</u> The bituminous mixture shall be spread and finished true to crown and grade by a mechanical, self-propelled paving machine. AC mixture may be spread and finished by other methods only where machine methods are impractical as determined by the Engineer.

All construction activities shall be completed during daylight hours. Nighttime work on projects will not be permitted unless approved in advance by the Engineer.

All AC mixtures shall be delivered to the paver at a temperature between 250°F and 315°F. Delivery of the material to the paver shall be at a continuous rate and in an amount well within the capacity of the paving and compacting equipment. If asphalt plant or trucks cannot keep up with the paver, the speed of the laydown operation shall be reduced to match the supply of material to the job site and avoid "stop-and-start" operations.

The maximum depth of any individual lift shall be four (4) inches for base course, intermediate course, and leveling course. The maximum depth of any individual lift shall be two (2) inches for surface course unless otherwise specified or approved by the Engineer.

When AC pavement is being placed, the surface of all structures, driveways, entrances, curb and gutters, and other roadway appurtenances shall be protected in a satisfactory manner to prevent them from being splattered with paving materials or marred by equipment operation. In the event that any appurtenances become splattered or marred, the Contractor shall, at their own expense, remove all traces of material and repair all damage, and leave the appurtenances in the same condition as before the work began and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Pavement may be placed only when either the ambient air temperature or the road surface temperature is equal to or greater than the temperatures in the table below. No pavement shall be placed when there is frost in the subgrade, on wet subgrade, or at any other time when weather conditions are unsuitable without the expressed consent of the Engineer.

			Road Surface
Paving	Thickness	Air Temperature	Temperature
Course	(inches)	(Degrees F)	(Degrees F)
Surface	All	50	55
Intermediate	Less than 3	45	50
Intermediate	3 or more	40	45
Base	Less than 3	40	45
Base	3 or more	30	35

When the ambient temperature falls below 55°F, precautions shall be taken to compact the mix before it cools below 175°F to obtain the required density. In no case shall successive lifts of asphalt be placed until the previous lift has cooled to 150°F or less.

During placement, excess material raked from the surface shall not be placed back onto the new pavement surface prior to rolling.

1306 <u>MECHANICAL PAVING MACHINES.</u> Mechanical pavers shall be capable of spreading the mix, within the specified tolerances, true to the line, grade, and crown indicated on the contract drawings.

Pavers shall be equipped with quick and efficient steering devices and shall be capable of traveling both forward and in reverse. They shall be equipped with hoppers and distributing screws, which place the mix evenly in front of adjustable screeds. They shall be equipped with a vibrating screed.

The screed shall include any strike-off device operated by cutting, crowding, or other action which is effective on mixes at workable temperatures without tearing, shoving, or gouging them and which produces a finished surface of an even and uniform texture. The screed shall be adjustable as to height and crown and shall be equipped with a controlled heating device for use when required.

Pavers shall be capable of spreading mixes without segregation or tearing. They shall also be capable of placing courses in varying thicknesses and from widths of eight (8') feet to at least thirteen (13') feet.

1307 <u>COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS.</u> Compacting equipment shall conform to the requirements of the KDOT Standards. Rollers and other compaction devices shall be operated by competent and experienced roller personnel and shall be kept in operation continuously so that all parts of the pavement will receive substantially equal compaction. The Engineer shall order the paver to cease operations at any time proper rolling is not being performed.

After spreading and strike-off and as soon as the temperature and mix conditions permit the compacting to be performed without excessive

shoving or tearing, the mixture shall be thoroughly and uniformly compacted.

The selection of the type of roller to be utilized in breakdown rolling may be varied to suit mix characteristics and shall be acceptable to the Engineer. The final rolling of the top or surface course shall be accomplished with a steel roller unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. In the event a vibratory roller is used for finish rolling, it shall be operated with the vibratory unit in its off position.

During rolling, the roller wheels shall be kept moist with only sufficient water to avoid picking up the material.

The line of rolling shall not be changed suddenly or the direction of rolling reversed suddenly. If rolling causes displacement of the material, the affected areas shall be loosened at once with lutes or shovels and restored to the original grade of the loose material before being re-rolled. Rollers shall not be permitted to stand on the finished surface before it has been compacted and has thoroughly cooled.

In laying a surface mix adjacent to any finished area, it shall be placed sufficiently high so that, when compacted, the finished surface will be true and uniform and match the existing surface.

Any mixture that does not comply in all respects with the requirements set forth herein, shall be removed, replaced with suitable material, and finished, by and at the expense of the Contractor, in accordance with these specifications.

1308 <u>TACK COAT.</u> Tack coat shall be placed on all contact surfaces such as existing or previously placed pavement, curb and/or gutter, manholes, and other structures. Contact surfaces shall be adequately coated so as to ensure a thorough and continuous bond between the existing surface and the new AC mixture.

Prior to the distribution of the tack coat, the Contractor shall remove all debris, trash and loose materials from the surface by means of preapproved enclosed mechanical sweepers with watering systems, hand brooms and/or other approved equipment as required, until it is as free from dust and other foreign materials as is practicable. Extra care will be used to ensure dust control. If dust is found to be in excess as determined by the Engineer, work will be stopped until dust can be controlled.

Tack coat shall be placed on only one lane of the roadway at a time. Place tack coat just enough in advance of paving operations to allow the tack to

cure before overlying pavement is placed. No traffic shall be allowed on tacked surfaces.

The tack coat shall be applied to areas to be surfaced at the rate of from 0.05 to 0.15 gallons/square yard at application temperature. It shall be applied by means of approved pressure distributors operated by skilled workmen. The spray nozzles and spray bar shall be so adjusted and frequently checked that uniform distribution is ensured. The distribution shall cease immediately upon any clogging or interference of any nozzle and corrective measures taken before distribution is resumed. Hand sprays shall be used only in tacking small patches or inaccessible areas that have been missed by the distributor.

The tack coat shall be entirely fogged over the surface to be paved and require no sand blot. If, however, it has not been uniformly distributed, sufficient sand shall be spread over the surface to blot up the excess asphalt and prevent it from picking up. Prior to laying an intermediate or surface course, all loose or excess sand shall be swept from the base.

The Contractor shall maintain the tack coat and the surface to be paved intact until it has been covered by the overlying course. Areas that have been damaged shall be repaired and shall receive additional applications of tack coat material in compliance with these specifications. The maintenance and repair of the tack coat shall be at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor shall be responsible for protecting adjacent streets and other surfaces from tracking of tack material. Protection of surfaces and tack material tracking removal shall be performed at the Contractor's expense.

1309 <u>DENSITY AND SURFACE REQUIREMENTS.</u> Both density and thickness shall be carefully controlled during construction and shall be in full compliance with plans and specifications. Cores (at least 4 inches in diameter) will be taken by the Contractor to determine in-place densities and as an aid for verifying thickness unless otherwise specified. Contractor shall obtain cores in general accordance with the requirements of ASTM D5361. Core locations shall be repaired using epoxy concrete, high-strength non-shrink grout, or other approved product. Contractor shall supply equipment and labor for obtaining cores and repairing holes.

Pavement density requirements shall conform to the specifications of the Kansas City Metropolitan Materials Board (KCMMB). Information is also available on the website <u>www.kcmmb.org</u> but included in the below specifications. Samples of finished pavement shall be obtained by the Contractor or the Contractor's laboratory. A minimum of one test (three cores) shall be taken for each tonnage lot represented by a Superpave

Asphaltic Concrete test. Lots larger than 1,200 tons shall have one set of (three cores) for each 1,000 tons placed or as directed by the Engineer. The core samples shall be taken at random locations throughout the tonnage lot. The locations shall not be previously marked. The core locations shall be marked by the Owner's Engineer after each tonnage lot placement is completed. Cores shall be at least 4 inches in diameter. The average density the of the three cores shall be 93% to 96% of max theoretical specific gravity of the Superpave Asphaltic Concrete test. When the average density of the compacted course is not between 93% and 96%, the layer may be removed at the discretion of the Engineer. No core shall be less than 90%.

The cores shall be tested by a suitable independent testing laboratory as necessary to verify compliance with respective density requirements. The testing laboratory shall be selected and compensated by the Owner, unless otherwise specified. The representative core samples will be tested in accordance with the requirements of ASTM D2726 and D3549. Copies of each report covering the details and results of the tests shall be provided to the Contractor. Actual in-place density for acceptance and payment purposes shall be determined from pavement cores unless otherwise specified.

The surface of the final course shall be of a uniform texture, without segregation, and conform to lines and grades shown on the plans. It shall not vary from a ten (10') foot straight edge, applied parallel to the centerline, by more than one-fourth (1/4") inch. Segregation checks, in accordance with KDOT procedures, may be run in areas that appear to be segregated.

Correct all surface irregularities exceeding the specified tolerances using equipment and methods approved by the Engineer. Method for correction shall be approved by the Engineer and may include:

- Diamond grinding
- Remove and replace the entire pavement thickness
- Mill the surface and replace the specified surface course
- Other methods proposed by the Contractor as approved by the Engineer.
- 1310 <u>PROTECTION OF PAVEMENT.</u> The Contractor shall protect all sections of newly compacted base and surface courses from traffic until they have hardened properly, or as directed by the Engineer.
- 1311 <u>ROLLING PROCEDURE.</u> At the option of the Engineer, the effectiveness of the rolling procedure will be verified using a nuclear or low-activity nuclear density measuring device. The Contractor shall revise the rolling procedure as necessary to obtain the specified density.

1312 <u>CLEANUP.</u> Cleanup shall follow the work progressively and final cleanup shall follow immediately behind the finishing. The contractor shall remove from the site of work all equipment, tools, discarded material, and other construction items. The entire right-of-way shall be left in a finished and neat condition. Clean up shall be considered a subsidiary obligation.